THE GETTYSBURG COMPILER,
A Democratic Family Journal,
IS PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY MORNING,
BY HENRY J. STAHLE.

"Truth is Mighty, and Will Prevail."

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.—$2 00 per annum, if paid strictly IN ADVANCE—$2 50 per annum if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearges are paid,

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at usual rates.

JOB PRINTING of all kinds done with neatness and dispatch.

OFFICE in South Baltimore street, between Middle and High, near the Post Office—"Compiler Printing Office" on the sign.

Consumptives,
READ WHAT DR. SCHENCK IS DOING.

DR. J. H. SCHENCK—

Dear Sir: I feel it a duty I owe to you, and to all who are suffering under the diseases known as Consumption and Liver Complaint, to let them know what great benefits I have received from your Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic in so short a time. By the blessing of God it has cured me thus far.

Dr. Schenck, I will now make my statement to you as follows: About eighteen months ago I was attacked with a severe cough, and it settled on my lungs; I could not retain anything I ate, and suffered with evening fevers and night sweats. I was very much reduced. The whites of my eyes were very yellow; likewise my skin; my appetite all gone, and unable to digest what I did eat; bowels swollen, irregular and costive. I was very low spirited, and had such violent spells of coughing when I lain down at night and when I arose in the morning that they would last one or two hours.

I then would be nearly exhausted, and was entirely unable to lie on my left side. I cannot describe my wretched suffering as I would wish to do. Every organ in my body was diseased or deranged. Such was my situation at this time, and I was confined to my bed from the last of February, 1862, to June, 1862, not able to sit up. I had the best medical attendance the whole of the time. My cough was so very bad that it racked me very much. I at this time raised a large quantity of thick, yellow, offensize matter, sometimes with blood, and it was generally accompanied by nausea and a furred and thick coated tongue. At the time of coughing so badly I would have sharp, shooting pains in my left side and heart, night sweats, and soreness all through my whole chest; had much upward fever, pain in my back and under my shoulder blades, and in the small of my back, and at times so severe that it would throw me into spasms. Now my physician gave me up to die. Others I had, and the best of them, but they could do nothing for me, and at that time I was nothing but skin and bones. I then was in the western part of Missouri. In June last we left there for the East, and in August last, we came to New York, and I was so reduced that I could only walk a little with my husband's help. After I had been here a short time the salt water breeze made me feel much better for a time and then I had again to call a physician for aid. We had four of the best physicians of New York on the diseases of the lungs, and doctors of all kinds, but of no avail. They said I was past cure, and that my lungs were too far gone for any one to cure me. But at this time I was on my feet about the house, not able to do much of anything. In November last I grew worse, and the consumption diarrhœa set in and I lasted about eight weeks. We had tried all and everything that I could grasp of like a dying person for me diseases—consumption and liver complaint—but of no avail.

In January, 1863, I was brought down again on my bed, and was not expected to live the night out. My husband stayed at my side, and other friends, and they all gave me up to die. At this time every one who saw me did not think I would ever leave my bed a living woman. The first night I was attacked with spasms, and was deranged most of the time—A friend, Mrs. Harris, came to see me the last of the week, and brought the Sunday Mercury. In it was an account of a great cure performed by Dr. Schenck. She read it to me, and it was so much like my disease that I asked my husband to go and see him for me. At this time I had given up all hopes of ever getting well again, and made my peace with God, to be ready whenever he called for me.

On the 27th of January 1863, my husband called on Dr. Schenck, 32 Bond street, New York, and stated to him my case, with a request for him to call and see me, which he did, and examined me with the respirometer.—When he was about to go I asked him if he could cure me? His reply was: "I cannot tell, both lungs are diseased, and the bronchial tubes are affected on both sides." And yet he seemed to think that there were lungs enough left to effect a cure if the diarrhœa could be stopped. He said in order to do this, he would have to give me Mandrake Pills in small doses at first, to carry off the morbid matter, and then, with astringents, he hoped to check it, which he did, but the constant coughing, night sweats, and diarrhœa had prostrated me so that he was afraid my vital powers were too much prostrated ever to rally, and yet he seemed to think if I could live to get enough Pulmonic Syrup through my system to excise expectoration there were lungs enough left for me to recover. He wished me to try the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic at once, saying it would do me no harm, if it did me no good.—The first week it seemed to give me strength, so that on Sunday after I sat up in bed and ate hearty for a sick woman, but the next week I lost all hope and wished my husband not to give me any more medicine. But the doctor had warned him of this, and when the medicine was clearing out the system it made me feel somewhat restless, and I to persevere; and he insisted on my taking it; and now I feel the benefit of it. For after eight days I began to gain my strength, and, with the exception of a cold that put me back some, I have been gaining strength of body, my cough is going away, and all my pains are gone; no soreness of the body, my bowels are regular, and my breath is sweet, and I thank God that I am now going about, and sew and read as well as ever I could. I have taken sixteen bottles of the medicine, eight of each. I now have a good appetite and rest well at night; my cough does not trouble me in getting up or lying down. I would here say to the afflicted with consumption or liver complaint, that Dr. Schenck is no humbug. You can rely on what he says.—Delay not; it is dangerous to trifle with these diseases. If you would be cured, go at once; and any one wishing to know the facts as herein stated can call at my residence, 117 West Houston street, New York city.

MRS. MARY F. FARLOW.

We, the undersigned, residents of New York, are acquainted with Mrs. Farlow, and know her statement to be true. We also know that she used Dr. Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic, and have reason to believe that to this medicine she owes her preservation from a premature grave.

B. FARLOW 117 West Houston st.
EUGENE UNDERHILL, 676 Greenwich st.
Mrs. E. UNDERHILL, 676 Greenwich st.
AUGUSTA UNDERHILL, 676 Greenwich st.
A. E. HARRIS, 117 West Houston st.
EMILY GLOVER, 117 West Houston st.
J. L. COLE, 33 Cottage pl.
M. A. LEIGHTON, 423 Broadway.
Mrs. BENJAMIN CLAPP, 19 Amity pl.

I am well acquainted with Mrs. Mary F. Farlow, and with her husband, Mr. B. Farlow, they having, for a few months past, attended at my church, and I am convinced that any statement which they might make may be relied on as true. JOHN DOWLING, D. D.,
Pastor of Bedford St. Baptist Church, N. Y.

Dr. Schenck will be professionally at his principal office, No. 15 North Sixth street, corner of Commerce, Philadelphia, every Saturday, from 9 A. M. until 4 P. M.; No. 32 Bond street, New York, every Tuesday, from 9 to 3; No. 33 Summer street, Boston, Mass., every Wednesday, from 9 to 3; and every other Friday at 103 Baltimore street, Baltimore Md.—All advice free, but for a thorough examination of the lungs with his Respirometer, the charge is three dollars.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic, each $1 50 per bottle, or $7 50 per half dozen. Mandrake Pills, 25 cents per box.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers.

Nov. 19, 1866. 1m

PURE CIDER VINEGAR at Swan's Grocery on the corner of the Diamond.
April 30, 1866.

Gettysburg Compiler.

BY H. J. STAHLE. GETTYSBURG, PA., MONDAY, DEC. 17, 1866. 40TH YEAR.—NO. 12.

Tin Ware and Stoves.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he still continues the business of making

ALL KINDS OF GOOD TIN WARE,

at the old stand, (formerly Andrew Polley's,) in York street, Gettysburg, where he has the largest assortment of tin ware in the county, with many other articles for kitchen use, &c.

Also, COOKING STOVES & NINE-PLATE STOVES, of the very best kinds.

S. G. COOK.

Mar. 12, 1865. 3m

Shoes, Gaiters, &c.

JOHN M. REILING,

IN CARLISLE STREET,

west side, a few doors from the Public Square Gettysburg, has laid in an excellent assortment of Shoes, Gaiters, &c., for

MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN,

which he is offering at the very lowest profits. Having bought for cash, at the latest reduction, he is prepared to offer great bargains.

Boot and Shoe manufacturing carried on at the same place, and the best kind of work made. JOHN M. REILING.

May 14, 1866. tf

Fall and Winter Goods.

A. SCOTT & SONS have just received another fine assortment of NEW GOODS, consisting in part, of Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Kentucky Jeans, and Tweeds, for Gentlemen's wear. Also, a fine assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

Our stock has been selected with great care, and we are prepared to sell as cheap as any other establishment in the country. We ask the public to give us a call and judge for themselves. Call and see us. No trouble to show Goods. A. SCOTT & SONS.

Sept. 17, 1866.

For Sale.

THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

THE VICTOR SORGO MILL.

Over Five thousand of these Mills have been made and sold in the last three years. The best recommendations can be given.

Also—"COOK'S EVAPORATOR, for making Sugar and Molasses, said to be the best in use.

CORN CRUSHERS.

Three different sizes for grinding Corn in the ear, or, shelled—or any other kind of grain. This is a machine that every farmer should have, as a bushel of ground feed is equal to a bushel and a half unground. The high price of feed of all kinds makes an imperative demand for some kind of machinery by which to save. It is a rapid grinder and durable.

BELLS FOR CHURCHES,

SCHOOLS, FARM HOUSES, FOUNDRIES, &c. Made of the best steel composition. Church Bells insured for one year.

WILLOUGHBY'S GUM SPRING DRILL,

WITH CROWELL'S GUANO ATTACHMENT. This is considered one of the best Drills now in use. It will distribute any kind of grain evenly, and sow from one bushel up to three to the acre. The Guano Attachment has given entire satisfaction wherever used. It is so constructed as not to clog in sowing any kind of Phosphates or bone Meal. Having sold a number of these machines last season, I can fully recommend them to be what they are represented. Persons wishing to buy should make application early as the supply is small and the demand great.

F. K. SMITH'S CAST STEEL PLOUGHS.

First, It is the only Plough yet produced that will invariably scour in any soil.

Second, It is now an established fact that it will last from three to six times longer than any other steel plough in use.

Third, It draws lighter than any other Plough, cutting the same width and depth of furrow.

The different parts of the Plough are cast in moulds, into the exact shape desired for the mould-boards, shares and landsides, giving the parts most exposed to wear any desired thickness. The shares can be sharpened by any blacksmith. The steel is perfectly malleable and works kindly. Edge tools have been made out of pieces of the plough by blacksmiths all over the country.

For sale by W. J. WIBLE, Agent,
Aug. 27, 1866. Near Gettysburg, Pa.

Sewing Machines.

GROVER & BAKER.—THE BEST IN USE. These Machines have become so well known that little need be said by way of recommendation. They have taken the first premium at all the late State Fairs, and are universally acknowledged to be the BEST in use by all who have tried them. The "Grover & Baker Stitch" and the "Shuttle Stitch" are points that have been attained by no other Machine. They are the only machines that sew and embroider with perfection. These Machines are peculiarly adapted to Family use. They are almost noiseless, sew direct from the spool without rewinding, and are simple in their construction. They are easy to manage, and can be worked by almost any child. Every family should have one. *They save labor, they save time, and they save money,* and do their work better than it can be done by hand.

The undersigned having been appointed Agent for the above Machines, has established an Agency in Fairfield, Adams county, where he will always have on hand a supply. Persons wishing to buy will please call and examine for themselves.

☞ Needles and Thread will also be supplied. JAS WITHEROW, Agent,
Fairfield, Adams county, Pa.

Aug. 27, 1866. tf

Forwarding and Commission House.

FLOUR AND FEED. GRAIN AND GROCERIES.

Having purchased the extensive Warehouse, Cars, &c., heretofore owned by Samuel Herbst, we beg leave to inform the public that we are continuing the business at the old stand on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, on a more extensive scale than heretofore.

We are paying the highest market price for Flour, Grain and all kinds of produce.

Flour and Feed, Salt, and all kinds of Groceries, kept constantly on hand and for sale, cheaper than they can be had anywhere else.

Plaster, and all kinds of fertilizers, constantly on hand, or furnished to order.

☞ A regular line of Freight Cars will leave our Warehouse every TUESDAY MORNING, and accommodation trains will be run as occasion may require. By this arrangement we are prepared to convey Freight at all times to and from Baltimore. All business of this kind entrusted to us, will be promptly attended to. Our cars run to the Warehouse of Stevenson & Sons, 165 North Howard street, Baltimore. Being determined to pay good prices, sell cheap and deal fairly, we invite everybody to give us a call.

CULP & BARNSHAW.

Aug. 13, 1866.

Empire Shuttle Sewing Machines

ARE superior to all others for FAMILY AND MANUFACTURING PURPOSES.

Contain all the latest improvements; are speedy; noiseless; durable; and easy to work.

Illustrated Circulars free. Agents wanted. Liberal discount allowed. No consignaments made.

Address EMPIRE S. M. CO., 616 Broadway, New York. [Sept. 17, 1866. ly

DUPHORN & HOFFMAN are receiving New Goods every week from the eastern Cities. Do not fail to give them a call, on the northwest Corner of the Square, Gettysburg, Pa.

ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS will buy a pair of nice, fine, patent leather tipped BALMORAL SHOES, for ladies, at the Store of H. B. WOODS.

Professional Cards.

Law Partnership.

W. A. DUNCAN & J. H. WHITE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to them, including the procuring of Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, and all other claims against the United States and State Governments.

Office in North West Corner of Diamond, Gettysburg, Penn'a.

April 3, 1865. tf

Edward B. Buehler,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. He speaks the German language. Office at the same place, in South Baltimore street, near Forney's drug store, and nearly opposite Danner & Ziegler's store.

Gettysburg, March 20.

J. C. Neely,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Particular attention paid to collection of Pensions, Bounty, and Back-pay. Office in the S. E. corner of the Diamond.

Gettysburg, April 6, 1863. tf

D. McConaughy,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, (office one door west of Buehler's drug and book store, Chambersburg street,) ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR FOR PATENTS AND PENSIONS. Bounty Land Warrants, Back-pay suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D. C.; also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Agents engaged in locating warrants in Iowa, Illinois and other western States. ☞ Apply to him personally or by letter.

Gettysburg, Nov. 21, '53.

Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal's

OFFICE and Dwelling, N. E. corner of Baltimore and High streets, near Presbyterian Church, Gettysburg, Pa.

Nov. 30, 1863. tf

Dr. D. S. Peffer,

ABBOTTSTOWN, Adams county, continues the practice of his profession in all its branches, and would respectfully invite all persons afflicted with any old standing diseases to call and consult him.

Oct. 3, 1864. tf

Dr. T. O. Kinzer,

HAVING located permanently at BONAUGHTOWN, Adams county, will attend promptly to all professional calls day or night. Office at John Landis's, where he can always be found, unless professionally engaged.

Aug. 6, 1866. 1y

Dr. F. C. Wolf,

HAVING located at EAST BERLIN, Adams county, hopes that by strict attention to his professional duties he may merit a share of the public patronage. [Apr. 2, '66 tf

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.,

HAS his office one door west of the Lutheran church in Chambersburg street, and opposite Dr. C. Horner's office, where those wishing to have a Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call. REFERENCES: Drs. Horner, Rev. G. P. Krauth, D. D., Rev. H. L. Baugher, D. D., Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, D. D., Prof. S. L. Sturer.

Gettysburg, April 11, '53.

Globe Inn,

YORK ST., NEAR THE DIAMOND,

GETTYSBURG, PA.—The undersigned would most respectfully inform his numerous friends and the public generally, that he has purchased that long established and well known hotel, the "Globe Inn," in York street, Gettysburg, and will spare no effort to conduct it in a manner that will not detract from its former high reputation. His table will have the best the market can afford—his chambers are spacious and comfortable—and he has laid in for his bar a full stock of wines and liquors. There is large stabling attached to the Hotel, which will be attended by attentive hostlers. It will be his constant endeavor to render the fullest satisfaction to his guests, making his house as near a home to them as possible. He asks a share of the public's patronage, determined as he is to deserve a large part of it. Remember, the "Globe Inn" is in York street, but near the Diamond, or Public Square. SAMUEL WOLF.

April 4, 1864. tf

Battle-field Hotel.

THIS Hotel, being one of the relics of the Battle of Gettysburg has been renovated and refurnished, and is ready to entertain travellers and the public generally. It being a short distance from the Soldiers' National Cemetery, it affords convenient accommodations for all visiting there, and the subscriber flatters himself that none shall leave him dissatisfied.

Also, Ice Cream and all kinds of refreshments, at all hours, to accommodate promenaders. Give me a call.

JOSEPH LITTLE, Proprietor.

Gettysburg, May 21, 1866. tf

Railroad House,

NEAR THE DEPOT
HANOVER, YORK CO., PA.

The undersigned would respectfully inform his numerous friends and the public generally, that he has leased the Hotel in Hanover, near the Depot, formerly kept by Mr. Jeremiah Kohler, and will spare no effort to conduct it in a manner that will give general satisfaction. His table will have the best the markets can afford—his chambers are spacious and comfortable—and he has laid in for his bar a full stock of choice wines and liquors. There is stabling for horses attached to the Hotel. It will be his constant endeavor to render the fullest satisfaction to his guests, making his house as near a home to them as possible. He asks a share of the public patronage, determined as he is to deserve a large part of it. Remember the Railroad House, near the Depot Hanover, Pa. A. P. BAUGHER.

Oct. 2, 1865. tf

Cannon's

MARBLE WORKS,

On Baltimore street, Nearly Opposite the Court House,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Every description of work executed in the finest style of the art.

June 4, 1865. tf

Still at Work!

THE undersigned continues the CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS, in all its branches, at his old stand, in East Middle street, Gettysburg.

NEW WORK made to order, and REPAIRING done promptly and at lowest prices.

FALLING-TOP AND STANDING-TOP BUGGIES.

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Two first-rate SPRING WAGONS for sale. JACOB TROXEL.

John W. Tipton,

FASHIONABLE BARBER, North-east corner of the Diamond, (next door to McClellan's Hotel,) Gettysburg, Pa. where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has also excellent assistance and will ensure satisfaction. Give him a call. Dec. 3, 1860.

1866. If you have chapped hands, lips or rough skin, use the OLEIN, prepared by Dr. R. HORNER

Original Poetry.

For the Gettysburg Compiler.

THOSE SPARKLING EYES.

I loved a maid whom oft I see;
Her love, alas, is not for me;
But what I never can despise,
Are just those eyes, those sparkling eyes.

Her beauty I extolled in rhyme;
"Alas," she said, "'tis all lost time;"
But what I still as beauty prize,
Are just those eyes, those sparkling eyes.

Just here I see that pretty dove,
But when I try to win her love,
Away she flies, away she flies,
With both those eyes, those sparkling eyes.

I think I'll try her once again,
But if she will not love me then,
I'll let her seek what flirt most tries,
To defy her sparkling eyes.

Is virtue not a better mark,
And hope of bliss a brighter spark,
Than what she has, who daily cries,
That she has eyes, yes, sparkling eyes.

Good solid sense a lover seeks,
With virtuous eyes and rosy cheeks;
But when a youth in fancy flies,
He'll seek the maid with sparkling eyes.

J. G. B——.

Agricultural & Domestic.

TOP-DRESSING.

The views advanced in the following article, which we copy from the *Rural American*, are not those held by a majority of our farmers, but as the writer adduces his arguments clearly and with apparent sincerity, we give them place—promising, at the same time, to hold our columns open to those who may feel like advocating the opposite position. There certainly are arguments on both sides, and good may result from a candid discussion of the subject.—*Ed. Compiler.*

By various methods, through the different seasons, I have learned that massies of rich nitrogenous manures are annually lost, or nearly lost, by being buried below plant roots, instead of being applied to the surface in either liquid or solid form. Whoever seeks to copy nature, will learn by observing her operations closely, that she never enriches her products with crude masses of concentrated substances, but gives her stimulants in minute proportions, chiefly from the surface of the earth. It has been urged against top-dressing, that the decaying manures give a large portion of its ammonia to the atmosphere. It is undoubtedly a fact that some ammonia does thus pass off; yet accurate experiments have established another fact, viz: that the absorption by the manure of moisture and its ammonia, more than compensates for the amount thrown off.

Where manure lies exposed on the surface, decomposition takes place slowly, and the soluble, potash, lime, soda and the phosphates are not volatile, but remain to be appropriated by the plants as required.

The slave of Bacchus, who uses his stimulants, claims, "that he is warmed in winter and cooled in summer." This is exactly what mulching and top-dressing do to the soil. Darkness, moisture and air are the requisites for vegetable and mineral decomposition. These requirements are met by surface manuring, and the chemical constituents, when set free, at once become food for vegetable life. As the manure disappears from the surface, it is washed into the soil in the precise condition required by the growing plants, which in turn become active agents in carrying forward chemical changes through the entire surface on which they act.

Waste no manure in burying it in the soil. Top-dress in July and August, and make the fierce rays of the summer sun a chemical laboratory to enrich your fields. Top-dress in September and October, and make the autumn rains distill upon your lands showers of ammonia. Top-dress in the spring, and make the harbinger of plenty to distribute over your fields the wealth accumulated by the frosts and snows of winter.

THE ROADS—AGAIN.

Remove every stone from the track in the highway. A single projection, which might have been removed in one minute, has battered and injured a thousand wagons, at a damage equal to a hundred days' labor.

"Remove every stone from the track in the highway." Good advice—advice which we should like to impress *in person*, daily, upon every man who drives a team. Nor would road supervisors and turnpike superintendents escape the counsel less frequently, had we the opportunity. The injury done to horses, wagons, gears, and temper, by rough, "bumping" roads, is far beyond what the generality of people would estimate it at, and we feel that we are doing an important work, for man and beast, in urging the removal of "every stone from the track in the highway."—*Ed. Compiler.*

CURING MEAT.

As this is the "butchering" season the following excellent recipe for curing meat will no doubt be welcome to many. We published a nearly similar one some weeks ago, and recommended it, as we do this—the difference between them not being material. Under either, a failure is hardly possible. We have always had good meat of our own curing, when sugar, or molasses, or both, with salt-petre and potash, were used about as directed below—and we do not see why the rule should not work as well with other people. As salt differs in strength, it is always best to test the pickle with an egg before pouring on the meat.—*Ed. Compiler.*

To one gallon of water, take one and a half pounds of salt, half a pound of sugar, half an ounce of saltpetre, half an ounce of potash. In this ratio the pickle to be increased to any quantity desired. Let these be boiled together until all the dirt from the sugar rises to the top and is skimmed off. Then throw it into a tub to cool, and when cold pour it over your beef or pork, to remain the usual time, say four or five weeks. The meat must be well covered with pickle, and should not be put down for at least two days after killing, during which time it must be sprinkled with powdered saltpetre, which removes all the surface blood, &c., leaving the meat fresh and clean. Some omit boiling the pickle, and find it to answer very well, though the operation of boiling purifies the pickle by throwing off the dirt always to be found in salt and sugar. If this recipe is properly tried, it will never be abandoned. There is none that surpasses it, if so good.

☞ Bear your cross worthily, and it will turn to an anchor.

TO FRY FISH.

The ordinary manner of frying fish in a shallow pan with only a small quantity of grease, may be much improved upon by imitating the Greeks, from whom we may also learn many other useful lessons in the culinary art. Take a large quantity of lard in a deep kettle, and let it boil as for frying doughnuts. While boiling drop in the fish, having previously rolled them in flour or meal. In a few minutes they will be of a rich, uniform brown, when they may be taken out and served while hot. They will be found infinitely more delicate in flavor, as well as more inviting in appearance than when cooked in the old way. This is recommended by the long experience of the writer, and it will be endorsed by all who try it. P.

The philosophy of frying is well illustrated by the Greek process detailed by our traveled correspondent. We may add that success in frying always depends primarily on having plenty of *hot* fat. If there is but little fat, the article cools it down to that degree that it is readily absorbed by the food. This fact, that cool grease is absorbed before it has time to cook the article fried, while plenty of very hot grease cooks it quickly, and is not absorbed at all, should be impressed upon all cooks.—*Ed. American Agriculturist.*

COERCING HENS.

A lady correspondent of the Mobile *Advertiser*, writing from Kansas, relates the following:

"After breakfast I was surprised to see my landlady go out, and catching her hens, tie each one's legs together, and throw them upon the ground, with 'there, now, be good.'"

"What did you do that for?" I asked.

"To make 'em lay," she answered.

"Make 'em lay, will that do it?" I inquired.

"Law, yes," she said; "didn't you ever learn tell of that before?"

"I confessed I had not. In an hour she went again, and picked up the hens, and sure enough some had laid; these she let go, and they ran off, not even cackling their gratitude. But those hens which seem'd disposed to be contrary, she struck on the back, saying—'you'd better lay—you'd better lay, for you won't go until you do,'" and in a little while, they too had recompensed their mistress for feeding them so bountifully. She says she does so every morning, and the hens know well enough that they must lay."

A CURE FOR HOG CHOLERA.

The Cincinnati *Gazette* says: "The following remedy for hog cholera, we are assured, has been well tested by J. Platt & Co., of Piatt county, Illinois, during the last summer—Make a tea from the May-apple root, and for each hundred hogs add one-pound assafœtida, and make a stiff slop with bran. For a cure, feed once a day; for a preventive, once a week."

Local Matters.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE ADAMS COUNTY TEACHERS' INSTITUTE,

HELD AT LITTLESTOWN,

Nov. 21st, 22d and 23d.

Agreeably to a call of the County Superintendent, the Institute convened on Wednesday, the 21st of Nov., in the basement of the United Brethren Church in Littlestown. At 10 o'clock, the Institute was called to order by Mr. Sheely, County Superintendent, who in the absence of the President, nominated Capt. H. N. Minnigh, who was elected by acclamation. After the temporary Chairman had taken his seat, the Institute was opened with prayer, followed by the singing of "America."

The minutes of the last session at Gettysburg were read and approved.

On motion of Mr. Sheely, a Committee of three was appointed to enroll the names of the members present. Committee:—Mr. Hartzell, Miss Group, and Miss White. On motion of Mr. Hersh a committee of three was appointed on permanent organization. Committee:—Messrs. Hersh and Sheely, and Miss Ollie J. Heinard.

After transacting some miscellaneous business, the executive committee was filled by the appointment of Mr. Hankey, and Miss Thompson to assist Mr. Sheely. On motion an invitation was extended to the citizens of Littlestown and teachers from other States, to participate in the various exercises. Institute then adjourned until the afternoon.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The proceedings were opened with singing by a choir of teachers, and prayer led by Mr. Heiskell. The roll was called, many of the members responding by appropriate sentiments; and the minutes of the morning read, and adopted. Mr. Sheely then addressed the Institute in regard to what was to be aimed at and accomplished at the present session.

Mr. Geo. P. Hartzell followed in an instructive essay, his subject being, "The Teacher a living example to his pupils." The reading of the essay was followed by quite an animated discussion of the same subject, participated in by P. D. W. Hankey, Aaron Sheely, A. C. Heiskellinger, A. L. Keeports, C. Group and others. After the close of the discussion, P. D. W. Hankey delivered an able address on "Reading, as a method of Mental Culture." Adjourned.

EVENING SESSION.

Institute met at 6½ o'clock, in the main audience room of the U. B. Church. After singing by the choir, and prayer by Rev. Henry, the roll was called and the minutes read and approved.

The subject of Mr. Hankey's afternoon address was then opened for general discussion, which was ably conducted by Messrs. Sheely, Heiskellinger, Hankey, Hartzell, Rev. Henry, and others.

The following named persons were appointed a committee on resolutions:—J. Howard Wert, Catharine Group and Rachie A. Wright. Inquiries were made in regard to securing the main audience chamber of the Church for the future sessions of the Institute, which resulted in obtaining the use of the same. Adjourned.

SECOND DAY—MORNING SESSION.

Institute opened with singing of "The Star Spangled Banner," and prayer.

After the calling of the roll and the reading and adoption of the minutes, Mr. McSherry delivered an interesting essay on the subject of Geography, the discussion of the same being continued by Mr. Sheely and others.

After the close of the discussion the Institute proceeded to the election of officers, which resulted as follows:

President—Capt. H. N. Minnigh.
Vice-President—Paul Hersh.
Secretary—Catharine Group.
Ass't Secretary—Miss Ollie J. Heinard.
Treasurer—Aaron Sheely.
Ex. Committee—Aaron Sheely, Chairman, Maria C. Thompson, J. Howard Wert.

Mr. Hersh moved that the next session of the Institute be held at New Oxford, some time in 18[illegible]—time to be fixed by the executive committee; the motion was carried by a unanimous vote.—It was moved that the Institute finally adjourn at the close of the evening session. Discussed by Messrs. Sheely, Hersh, and others, and finally amended to read "Friday evening," and in that form, adopted. After some miscellaneous business, adjourned.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The exercises of the afternoon were opened with singing by the Teachers' Glee Club, and prayer by C. P. Hartzell, followed by roll call, and the reading and approving of the minutes.

The officers who were elected during the morning session, were installed.—The President delivered an interesting inaugural address, in which he did not forget to give a portion of "his policy." The Vice-President and several of the others also followed in very appropriate remarks.

After the installation of officers, Mr. McCleaf read quite an interesting and appropriate essay on the subject of "Compensation of Teachers," upon which quite a lively discussion ensued, participated in by Messrs. Hankey, Hersh, Hartzell, Heiskellinger, P. Houck, Sheely, Miss Thompson and several others.

After the subject had been very ably discussed, a committee, consisting of Messrs. Hersh, Hartzell, and A. L. Bishop, and Misses M. C. Thompson and A. Ollie Haskell, was appointed to draft resolutions, relative to the salary of teachers.

EVENING SESSION.

After the opening exercises, which consisted in singing by the choir, prayer by Rev. Schlichter, the calling of the roll, the reading, correcting and adopting of the minutes, the resolutions respecting teachers' salary, as presented in the afternoon, were unanimously adopted. Music by choir.

On motion of Mr. Hersh, the President appointed a committee of three members, viz: Messrs. Hersh, Sheely and Hartzell, to solicit the excellent essay of Mr. McCleaf for publication. On motion of Mr. Hankey, Miss Ollie J. Heinard, the assistant Secretary, was appointed to procure for publication a list of all the teachers present, during the session of the Institute, from the various districts.

A very excellent lecture was then delivered by Mr. Aaron Sheely on "The Origin of words, different phrases, &c., in the English Language." A portion of an original poem, entitled Pedagogics, was read by Prof. Crider, and was listened to with *much attention* and interest. The poem was of a pithy nature, and very strikingly portrayed the character of the School-master. A vote of thanks was tendered him for his kind services rendered.

The reading of the poem was followed by another very interesting lecture, by P. D. W. Hankey, on the subject of "Our Influence." Music by the choir.

The subject of Parental Co-operation was then taken up, and quite a lively discussion ensued. On motion discussion closed and Institute adjourned.

THIRD DAY—MORNING SESSION.

After the usual opening exercises, a very able and interesting address was delivered by M. L. Gates.

On motion of Mr. Sheely, the subject of School Government was taken up and discussed. When the time for adjournment arrived, the discussion closed, on motion of Mr. Hersh, to be continued immediately after the opening exercises of the afternoon. Adjourned until 1½ o'clock P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Music by the Teachers' Glee Club, followed by prayer by Mr. Hartzell.

The following motion was then made by Mr. Gates, and resulted in the affirmative:

"Be it moved that a Committee on introduction be appointed, one of which is to be our worthy Superintendent, whose duty it will be to bring about a more social and friendly intercourse among the teachers of this Convention."

The committee appointed by the President, were Mr. Sheely, Mr. Gates, Mr. Black, Miss Getz, Miss Wright and Miss White. Minutes read and approved.

The discussion on School Government was resumed and participated in with much animation, by Messrs. Hartzell, Hersh, McMaster, Durboraw, Sheely, Misses Thompson, Wright, Haskell, Getz, McElwee, Warren, Miley, Group and others.

After the close of this discussion, on motion of Mr. Black, the resolutions relative to the raising of teachers' wages were reconsidered. It was then thoroughly discussed, after which an amendment was offered, changing the average salary from $35 to $40. A motion was then made and carried, "that the resolutions, as amended, be adopted, by obtaining the signitures of the teachers present, to the resolutions, and that a committee of one in each district be appointed to get the names of the teachers who are absent of his district, to a copy of the resolutions, which he shall obtain, then to be forwarded to the Secretary for publication." The signatures were obtained, but the appointment of the committee deferred until the evening session.

EVENING SESSION.

The session was opened with music by the choir, and prayer by Mr. Gates. The roll was called, and the minutes read, corrected and approved. A committee of one from each district was then appointed to collect the names of teachers to the resolutions on salary.

Dr. M. L. Stoever was introduced, and delivered a very interesting and instructive address, which will long be remembered by many anxious listeners.

Miss Rachie A. Wright followed in an essay on the subject of "The Effects of Education on the Countenance." This was a splendid production and was read with much exceptional elegance. Miss L. Kate Getz succeeded Miss Wright in another interesting essay on "The Influence of Education upon the Popular Mind," which also reflected creditably on the writer.

A period of about half an hour was then spent in social intercourse, during which many pleasant acquaintances were formed, and a real good time was experienced.

After the Association was again called to order, Mr. Hersh, Mr. Hartzell and Rev. Mr. Henry spent a short time in expressing their sentiments in regard to the meeting of the Teachers. Institute adjourned finally by singing the doxology, Praise God from whom all blessings flow, &c.

I think that we all, like one of old, felt "that it was good to be there," and that we had a happy and profitable meeting. The "true spirit of the teacher," had been created and strengthened within us, and we felt that we could return to our labor of teaching with new energies and aspirations.

The following are the resolutions adopted by the Institute:

Resolved, That our County Institute is a necessity. So certain are we of its utility, that we would, if possible, make it obligatory upon all teachers to attend our meetings.

Resolved, That in view of the utility, we consider it an imperative duty in each School Board, to grant to the teachers in their employ, the time necessary for attending its sessions; and that those who are unwilling to do so, are so far behind the progress of the age, that we despair of reaching them by means of reason.

Resolved, That we return our thanks to the citizens of Littlestown, for their attendance and attention during our sessions; and to the Board of Trustees of the United Brethren Church, for the use of their church edifice.

Resolved, That we tender our sincere thanks to the members of the choir, who have favored us with music.

Resolved, That the sincere thanks of this Association are given to its officers, for the faithful manner in which they have performed the duties of their respective positions.

Resolved, That we acknowledge in Mr. Sheely, our County Superintenent, a zealous and ardent co-laborer in the cause of education; and therefore the thanks of the teachers, and friends of education in this county, are due to him for the faithful discharge of his duties, and the deep interest which he has manifested in the success of the present meeting of the Association.

Resolved, That we earnestly request of all our members, that they use their best endeavors to increase their own mental improvement and culture, and to secure the full success of the Common School system.

Resolved, That our sincere thanks are hereby given to Dr. M. L. Stoever, for his able and instructive address before this Association, and the deep interest he has manifested for the success of this Institute,—one department of the educational work of our land.

Resolved, That in the death of Miss Amanda Conover, who was present with us at our last session, the community and our Institute have sustained a loss which will long be felt. To her bereaved friends, we, her fellow teachers, tender our condolence in their bereavement. Her memory will long be revered.

The following resolutions were adopted by the teachers of Adams county whose names are signed:

Resolved, That we, as teachers of Adams county, in Convention assembled, demand of the Directors of the Public Schools, whose guardians they are, a better compensation for our services.

Resolved, That we set the average salary at $40 per month, which we most imperatively demand.

Resolved, That we pledge ourselves to the full support of these our resolutions.

Signed:

W. H. Black, J. C. Hildebrand, G. R. Kuhn, J. H. McMaster, A. L. Keeports, J. Howard Wert, Wm. F. Shull, J. B. Crist, Sylvester Rice, Silas C. Delap, J. H. Houck, J. L. Albert, J. Myers, Geo. P. Hartzell, H. N. Minnigh, Aaron L. Bishop, Jos. H. Orndorff, M. L. Gates, P. E. Welsh, John F. McSherry, W. Kinzer, Adam Kinnemund, George W. Harner, Daniel Ruff, Samuel Harner, J. W. Yeatts, Solomon Orner, P. C. Heltzell, F. A. Noel, Isaac N. Durboraw, George W. Hoffman, Jonathan L. Allison, Ollie J. Heinard, A. Ollie Haskell, Hettie M. Fickes, Lizzie Minnigh, Emilie Wright, Tillie Wierman, L. Kate Getz, Lizzie McElwee, Nancy White, Marla C. Thompson, Rachie A. Wright, Minnie Minnigh, Sue E. Bushey, Vina C. Weirich, Mary F. Fink, G. Bowers, Magdalene Nicks, Kate Miley, Ella Wert, Julia C. Hollinger, Emma Hildebrand, Eliza Monfort, S. R. McIlhenny, Lydia A. Meals, Laura McMillan, Lizzie Nicks, Mary E. Conover, Sallie P. Frey, L. H. Weigle, Lizzie McGrew, Beulah H. Shugh, Catharine Group.

The following are the names of the teachers who

The Compiler.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Monday Morning, Dec. 17, 1866.

PETTY MEANNESS.

There is nothing of manliness in the nature of the leaders of the Radical party. They are narrow-minded and bigoted; fierce only in words, and very cowards and poltroons in action. They are strangers to a *sense of honor*, and delight in gratifying their hate by imposing what they esteem degrading terms upon their enemies. The latest exhibition of their littleness of soul is seen in their removal of Senators Cowan, Dixon and Doolittle from the positions they occupied as chairmen of certain committees, and placing them at the foot of the lists of members. If these vindictive fanatics suppose they can injure the fair fame of the men they thus assail, they are much mistaken.—When history shall have only ridicule and curses for such men as Sumner and his companions, those whom they assail will be honored, as wise and sagacious statesmen, and esteemed as true and tried patriots.

THADDEUS STEVENS ON CURRENCY AFFAIRS.

The Washington correspondent of the Detroit *Tribune* says that Thaddeus Stevens is "opposed to the redemption of the Government bonds *in coin*, except those where the language of the act under which they where made, was explicit, and that he favors the increase of the amount of currency by at least one hundred millions, and then if gold naturally went up to 200, he would make it a crime to speculate in it."

Those who remember "Old Thad's" silly gold bill will not be surprised to hear that he advocates the most ridiculous financial absurdities. He has shown himself to be one of the veriest charlatans that ever attempted to tinker at legislation; but that only makes him the more fitting leader of the fanatical crew who compose the majority of Congress. Any one with a particle of political wisdom would be out of place among such a set.

GAMBLING DENS.

It is reported that arrangements are progressing of a very complete character to provide for the amusement of Congress during its present session in a manner which must be immensely gratifying to its constituents and flattering to the pride of the country at large. The arrangements are for the equipment and establishment of gambling hells with large capital and upon a scale of unprecedented splendor, so as to afford those legislators who are most successful in plucking the country the finest opportunity to be plucked in their turn.

"THE WARDS OF THE NATION."

This is the new title given by the Radicals to the freedmen of the South, and Congress is called upon to see that they are *properly* protected and cared for. They are to be fed, and clothed, and allowed to remain in idleness, as the "wards" of the nation, while the white laboring men of the North are oppressed by taxation of the most galling and exhaustive character. More than this, ten States of the Union are to be denied representation until the "wards" are raised to the full measure of citizens and given the free ballot. This kind of a national guardianship will hardly meet the approval of the white men of the North, when they come to see the effects of it upon their interests.

☞To many men age brings a broader tolerance and more tender charity. The fierce passions and fiery hates of youth, its inconsiderate prejudices and sweeping generalizations, are exchanged for the philosophic temper and forbearing speech. But there are men who grow more malignant with every year—the currents of whose blood, no longer bounding with generous passion, are converted into feverish channels of gall that withers all the divine impulses of humanity—whose prejudices become stronger, their temper more dictatorial, their language more sardonic as they near the portals of the grave. Amid declining years they exhibit fiercer passions; with wasting strength they flash forth into greater excesses of violent action and intemperate speech. No man in the country better represents this class of aged malignants than Thaddeus Stevens. With increasing age comes increasing venom. Is such a man fit to lead in the councils of a great nation?

☞A petition numerously signed, is circulating at Boston, praying Congress to so amend the Constitution that each State in the Union may determine for itself the status of its citizens, but that all elections for Federal officers shall be void and illegal in any State where there is any proscription on account of race or color. That is a shrewd scheme. After the addition of such a provision, the States which proscribe on account of race or color would be required to accept the Federal Constitution as "the supreme law of the land," in regard to local suffrage, "anything in their constitutions to the contrary notwithstanding."

☞The Rump Congress has a short lease of life—twelve weeks. It rattles and rants and roars—sound signifying nothing except impotence and jobs. The corrupt jobs which will signalize this session, the tariff plundering, and the currency swindling, are all well hid behind this rattling, ranting and roaring. They are crying out to the country to look at the South, and meanwhile are tarring their own hands preparatory to plunging them deeper in the public treasury and the people's pockets.

☞The Portsmouth, New Hampshire, cotton factory is importing operatives from Europe. One hundred of them went through from Boston last week. So it goes. After getting Congress to give them the *protection* of high tariffs, enabling them to put the prices of their fabrics up, the manufacturers then import workmen to fill the channels of labor and thus bring wages down. Tell us how, under such circumstances, tariffs are to help the poor and laboring classes.

☞It is said that the Supreme Court of the United States has decided against the constitutionality of the test oath.

CAN A PRESIDENT HAVE A POLICY?

In defining the duties of the Chief Magistrate, the Federal Constitution says:

"He shall, from time to time, give to the Congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge neccessary and expedient."

This is pretty conclusive evidence that a President should have a policy—that he should be a thinking man, capable of devising measures, judging in regard to cause and effect, and generally to perform such acts as are manifestly required of a chief executive officer and a commander-in-chief of the Federal forces. If it be that the President is a mere machine—simply the agent of Congress—why was not Congress empowered to appoint that officer? If it was intended that the President should have power only to execute the will of Congress and to have no will or policy of his own, it was wrong to make the office elective by the people, for it has happened that that officer and the majority in Congress have entertained (and will continue to entertain) different views in regard to measures for the good of the country.

But, it was not so intended. The framers of the Constitution had no intention of making the chief officer in the Government the tool of the Congress. Neither was it designed to make the Congress subservient to the President. It was intended, however, by making each branch powerful in itself and yet each in a measure dependent upon the other, to create a mutual check against usurpation and tyranny. And, so long as the Constitution shall be adhered to, as the supreme rule of action, neither branch can assume potential powers or do the Government a fatal injury. Only *through the exercise of extraordinary* audacity on the one hand and the existence of pusillanimous weakness on the other, can one branch absorb the powers of the other. When such a state of affairs occurs, however, anarchy prevails and revolution becomes a necessity to re-establish a wholesome equilibrium.

That such a state of affairs is rapidly approaching through the encroachments of the Radical majority in the fragmentary Congress, is patent to every observer. A few more steps only are required to compel resort to the reserved right of the people—the *habeas corpus* of the body politic—the right of revolution. May God forefend such arbitrament. Let us hope that reason may soon reassume sway among those who, drunk with power and prosperity, are rushing the Government to destruction through the commission of numberless violations of the organic law and the unjustifiable assumptions of regal authority. It would be a pity of pities to see this great Republic go down merely to satisfy the overweening greed of gain and lust of power of demagogues and cormorants.—*Patriot & Union.*

CONGRESSIONAL INDECORUM.

No one can read the proceedings of Congress without being struck by the want of dignity which characterizes the proceedings of that body. The members seem to vie with each other in the use of terms of abuse. Speeches which a few years since would have been regarded as unbecoming upon the stump, are now daily delivered in the House and the Senate. The applause of the galleries is habitually sought, and he who can employ the most abusive language is sure to receive the plaudits of the crowd assembled. The House especially seems to lack decorum. Thaddeus Stevens sets an example which is imitated by those who can only feebly ape his vindictive utterances, Speaker Colfax winks at the conduct of his Radical friends and permits the most unbounded license. The President of the United States is daily assailed by members in the coarsest manner, and no rebuke from the chair follows. The nation is disgraced by such proceedings, the tone of public sentiment is lowered, the people are familiarized with such conduct as would once have been regarded as intolerable, and an example is given to the world which must tell against republican institutions. The decent men of all parties should unite in out-spoken disapproval of such conduct in what should be the most dignified legislative body in the world.—*Lanc. Intel.*

☞Mr. Walter, proprietor of the London *Times*, is now in this country, and one day last week was given a grand entertainment at Washington by John W. Forney. This same Mr. Walter was one of the most thorough and active opponents of the Federal government in its efforts to put down the rebellion, and his paper, *The Times*, became notorious as the organ of British blockade-runners and Confederates domiciled abroad. Now he is *feted* and lionized by the "loyal" Chevalier Forney, and the Mongrel M. C.'s rush forward to tipple champagne and crack jokes with this lately despised associate and abettor of "rebels" and "traitors." Birds of a feather will flock together, and fellow disunionists, doubtless, find pleasure in each other's society.

☞The Radical editors and stumpers, hereabouts, declared, previous to the fall election, that negro suffrage was not an issue. On Thursday last the Radicals in the United States Senate passed a bill giving *the right to vote to the negroes* in the District of Columbia, the very capital of the nation. The Radical House concurred on Friday. Who were right in their declarations during the last campaign?

☞In the House, the other day, Thaddeus Stevens declared that he did not believe Jeff. Davis could be tried for treason, nor that he had been guilty of treason. His offence was that of a belligerant, not of a traitor. He (Stevens) had not opposed the efforts to bring him (Davis) to trial, but he had not favored them. What have the Radical howlers here to say to that?

☞There could be no better evidence of the strength of the President's position than the inability of the radical press to assail the message successfully. They butt themselves in vain against the solid and unanswerable logic of the message, without even as much as making an indentation.

☞The latest villainy of the Radicals that has *revealed itself is a plot to bribe* Surratt, as soon as he shall arrive, to turn State's evidence and implicate President Johnson in the assassination of Lincoln.

SNOW.—Five inches of snow fell here yesterday.

TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENTS FOR THE SOUTHERN STATES.

The South should feel neither terror nor depression at the growing favor with which this wild scheme is regarded by the Republican party. It proves that the Republican leaders despair of getting their heels on the necks of the Southern people by any other method. They perceive that there is no other way to get control of the suffrage and introduce the negroes to the ballot-box; no other way to engraft upon the Constitution; no other way to subject the *domestic concerns* of the South to federal control. Turn and squirm as they may, they cannot escape the ugly fact that thirteen States stand as an immovable barrier against every amendment to the constitution which the Radicals wish to have adopted; that the number of States must rise to fifty-two to overcome this opposition; and that that number will not be reached in this century, if ever. Hence we see efforts already begun in both Houses of Congress for degrading those States into Territories, and the Republican press everywhere wheeling into line to march in this movement.

The South should take courage at this pratical confession by the Republicans that they are reduced to their last trump, and can win only by a flagrant violation of the Constitution. So long as the Southern communities are recognized as States, the Constitution stands between them and further oppression. Unless they can be broken down as States, the Radicals are checkmated, and will soon be made to bear the odium of keeping this dangerous question unsettled. They feel that it is incumbent on them to put this subject at rest in some way, and finding all other paths effectually closed, they attempt the desperate expedient of degrading great, populous States into Territories, and governing them from Washington.

The South ought to rejoice to see the Republicans reduced to such straits, because it is perfectly certain the attempt cannot succeed, and that its failure will weaken, and perhaps divide and demoralize the party. The first difficulty the Republicans will encounter will be in agreeing upon the *details of the Territorial bill.* If the State governments are abolished, other governments must immediately be substituted; for not even the Radicals would wish to abandon the South to the horrors of anarchy. The negroes would not be safe in a community of outnumbering whites without the protection of some kind of government. If the new Territorial governments should rest on universal suffrage, the preponderance of the white population would secure the election of hostile white officers. But this is the least of the obstacles to the success of the new plan. The executive and judicial officers of Territorial governments are always appointed by the President, and so long as Mr. *Johnson remains in office* the Radicals would gain nothing by the substitution of his appointees for the Governors and Judges elected under the State governments. To be sure, he would have to send their names to the Senate for confirmation; but all the Senate could do would be to reject them, and await new appointments by the President. If the Senate kept rejecting his appointments as fast as he made them, the Territorial governments could never go into operation. And the whole scheme would be fraustrated. To accept such Territorial officers as the President would appoint would be no gain for the Radicals over the present system, while to reject his appointments would defeat the operation of the Territorial scheme. The only effect of the Territorial project would be to exchange one dead-lock for another; the present dead-lock between the non-ratifying States and Congress for a dead-lock between the President and the Senate.

But supposing that, by some ingenious quirk, this difficulty could be flanked and passed, and the new governments put in operation against an adverse local public opinion, a new dead-lock would immediately be prevented, in a constant conflict between prosecuting officers and Southern juries. Laws are of no force without penalties, and penalties can be inflicted only after a trial. For the punishment of ordinary crimes and the ordinary administration of justice, Southern juries would doubtless give impartial verdicts under the new system, as they do now. But in enforcing the kind of laws which the Territorial scheme seeks to introduce, Southern juries could not be brought to agree except on verdicts of acquittal. All laws of that class would be a dead letter, which vain attempts to execute would turn into derision.

These difficulties and obstacles will be apparent to Congress as soon as the Territorial project begins to be discussed in a practical view. It is contrary to all probability that the conflicting views which will naturally exist can be so completely reconciled as to secure the assent of two-thirds of both Houses to the details of any plan of government. But without two-thirds of both Houses it would be promptly knocked in the head by the veto, the dead-lock appearing in a new place.

But we will suppose that this barrier is broken through; that the Territorial bill is passed over the veto of the President; that the new officers are all appointed and sworn in; and a warrant issued for the arrest of some opposing citizen. His counsel immediately prosecute the officer for illegal arrest, and if the case is decided against him in the local court, it is appealed and the law point carried up, by rapid stages, to the Supreme Court of the United States. There can be no doubt whatever that the Territorial law would be declared null and set aside as unconstitutional, and thus the Territorial scheme, after months of exasperating agitation, would be an ignominious abortion.—*N. Y. World.*

A Radical Swindler Denied the Privilege of Habeas Corpus.—Advices from Franklin, Venango county, state that the *Hon. Jeremy Diddler*, C. V. Culver, by the votes of Radical fanatics, Member of Congress from the Twentieth district, and now held securely in limbo on charge of wholesale and retail swindling, had himself brought before Judge Trurkey on a writ of *habeas corpus*, and asked to be discharged on the ground that he was a member of the present Congress, and the peer of any one of the Radical majority of that Rump concern. The Judge "couldn't see it," and the *Hon.* rascal has been remanded to jail. The Judge decided that a member of Congress was not entitled to his privilege when held for an indictable offense. Won't the Rump do something for this jail bird member of their fanatical fraternity. A fellow-feeling ought to make them wonderous kind. We have no doubt a number of them would be in a similar predicament if they had their desert.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

The Democracy of Indiana.—The Democratic Central Committee of Indiana have issued an address to the Democrats and National Union men of Indiana announcing the results of the late political canvass, and showing that an overwhelming majority of the people of the United States are in favor of the President's reconstruction policy; that Congress only represents forty-three per cent. of the entire population; that the Executive Department is the only branch of the government representing a majority of the people, re-endorsing the principles of the Indiana Democratic Convention of March 15, and the Philadelphia August Convention.

☞The New York *Tribune* says that the Government had never relaxed its efforts to secure the arrest of Surratt, and that detectives had been watching him since October. This gives the lie to the Radical falsehood that the Government had taken no measures in the matter.

☞Trees are now doctored with calomel. A few grains inserted in the sap channels will drive off insects.

TOWN AND COUNTY AFFAIRS.

WOOD!—WOOD!—WOOD!—A number of our subscribers have promised us Wood, in payment of their subscriptions. Will they please bring it immediately? *It is needed.*

IMPORTANT TO SOME PEOPLE.—Not to all. Such as have paid the printer as promptly as he has served them, (many thanks!) need not read this—not a word of it is intended for them. To those in arrears, however, whether for *advertising, job work* or *subscription*, we must again appeal, and can assure them that never were we more IN EARNEST. To pay for paper, ink, type, labor, and a hundred other matters entering into the publication of a widely-circulated newspaper, requires the handling of a good deal of money—especially in high times, as these still are to printers, paper, &c., being nearly as dear as during the war. To whom shall the printer look for the means to carry on his business, but to those who have the benefit of it? It is so in every other branch, and there is no reason why our's should be an exception to the rule. Those, then, indebted on our books are again urged to deal with us as they would desire others to deal with them. PAY PROMPTLY.

To the call made two months ago, hardly one in forty responded. Many, no doubt, supposed that it was a mere stereotyped matter—that we did not mean half we said—and that if they failed to pay, it would make little difference to us or anybody else. If they so thought, *never were men more mistaken.* We *needed* what was due us then, and what did not come, is needed worse now for the delay.

We shall soon make out bills, and send them to those in arrears. *Will not many* save us this trouble by remitting at once—within the present week, or, at least, within the present year? To get along at all, *we must have our own*—and if after a reasonable time, those who give no heed to this call should find more summary measures adopted to convince them of our earnestness, they will have nobody to blame but themselves. WE MUST HAVE MONEY.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A sad death occurred on the turnpike, a short distance above Cashtown, on Wednesday last. We learn that as Mr. Jacob Heintzelman was driving by the residence of Mr. Manoah Carbaugh, with a load of wood, a little son of Mr. Carbaugh's clambered upon the rubber-block of the wagon, without the knowledge of Mr. Heintzelman, and in going down the hill, fell under one of the hind wheels and was almost instantly killed. The lad was between six and seven years of age.

NEW TELEGRAPH LINE.—The poles for the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph line were put up through this place some weeks ago, and we suppose have been erected as far as Harrisburg by this time. The wires (two) are shortly to be placed upon the poles. An office will be opened here, in the central part of town. We heartily welcome this new improvement. With two through lines, Gettysburg cannot be much behind the rest of the world in early information.

ANNIVERSARY.—The "Anniversary" of Christ Church Sabbath School, on Thursday evening, was quite a success. The exercises were interesting and the audience was large.

SPLENDID BARN BURNT.—The splendid "double decked" barn of Hon. F. Watts, two and a half miles west of Carlisle, was destroyed by fire, last evening a-week, between 5 and 6 o'clock. With it were consumed eight head of horses, fourteen head of cattle, six head of sheep, all the farm implements, horse gears, a threshing machine, and a large quantity of wheat and hay. The fire was the work of an incendiary, who was seen running from the building about the time the flames were discovered. The rascal was pursued by Mr. Railing, the tenant, but in the gathering darkness succeeded in making his escape. When Mr. Railing returned to the barn, it was wrapped in flames, and too late to save anything. His loss is heavy. There was no insurance on either barn or stock.

FINE HOGS.—George W. Lady, of Mummasburg, had a hog slaughtered last week, which weighed 420 pounds, though but 14 months old.

H. D. Wattles, of this place, had two very large porkers killed on Monday, one weighing 500 pounds and the other 495 pounds. We have not heard their age mentioned.

THE HOLIDAYS.—E. H. Minnigh & Bro., in Chambersburg street, opposite the College Church, have laid in a large stock of goods intended for the Holidays, and invite the attention of the public thereto. It embraces, of course, all sorts of confections, fruits, nuts, &c., with an almost endless variety of toys. They have something to please the thousand different tastes of the little ones, with an assortment which they flatter themselves will be attractive to grown up folks. Give them a call. Their goods cannot but give satisfaction, whilst their prices are much lower than last year, and must be equally satisfactory.

Teachers desiring to make presents to their schools, as well as the trade, will be accommodated at the lowest possible figures. 4t

AMERICAN ARTISTS' UNION.—Persons who are getting up clubs for our Steel Plate Engravings, and those who intend doing so, are requested to notify the office in New York, when a circular describing each Engraving, (fourteen in all,) together with all necessary papers, including references, &c., will be sent them. 1t

CLOTHING AT COST.—Capt. Theo. C. Norris is selling off his entire stock of Ready-made Clothing *at cost*, with a view to closing out that branch of business. Now is the time to secure bargains. Every description of clothing offered. Call soon. 1t

☞Attention is directed to the advertisement of Messrs. Kissinger & Shireman, York, in another column.

Also to that of Messrs. Bringman & Warren, of the Gettysburg Forge.

☞Hon. W. H. Koontz and Hon. E. McPherson have our thanks for Congressional documents.

DEER.—A shooting party of Hanoverians recently returned from Centre county with three fine deer.

For the Compiler.

COLLEGE ITEMS.—On Saturday afternoon, 8th instant, the Sophomore Class of Pennsylvania College held the first meeting of an organization, formed in September last, and known as the "Organization of Class of '69." The order of exercises was as follows:

Essay—The Art of Printing, M. O. Smith, York, Pa.; History of Class, G. H. Trabert, Churchtown, Lanc. county, Pa.; Oration—Advantages of a Literary Society, Jacob Neff, Philadelphia, Pa.; Essay—Man, E. T. Horn, Catasauqua, Pa.; Poem—Gettysburg, D. B. Lady, Arendtsville, Pa.; Essay—The Living Dead, J. J. Brinkerhoff, Gettysburg, Pa.; Prophecy, C. M. Dawson, Fort Wayne, Indiana; Oration—Cultivation of Mind, W. S. Heindle, York, Pa.

All present were surprised at the marked ability displayed by the performers. This organization is now fully established as a permanent affair, and we congratulate our young friends on the enterprise they have displayed in their undertaking. Success to them.

☞The Class of '70, having considered the expediency of effecting a class organization, whose object should be the social, moral and intellectual improvement of its members, formed themselves into an association, to be known as the "Zatisophan" Society of Pennsylvania College, and held their first meeting on Saturday, Dec. 8th, instant. The following was the programme of performances:

Orations—The Man of Letters, C. Clever; Free and One, J. E. Van Camp; Show Thyself a Man, W. H. Kuntz.—Essays—Patriotism, W. H. Baldwin; Avarice, C. E. Sadtler; Character, S. A. Ziegenfuss; History of Class, J. W. Rumple. Poem—Home, M. B. Snyder. Seer, J. K. P. Bates. Select Reading—Rum's Maniac, (Dr. Nott,) M. R. Minnigh; All is Vanity, saith the Preacher, C. E. Hay. Debate—Is Success a Test of Effort, J. J. Kuntz, J. M. Riemensnyder, D. Gilbert, T. M. Ott.

Everything passed off peasantly, and the performers acquitted themselves in a creditable manner, doing honor both to their class and "Alma Mater."

MR. EDITOR:—The following is a list of the Teachers' names, which did not reach me until I had sent in the report. Please attach them to the list of names subscribed to the resolutions relative to the Salary of Teachers:

Hamilton W. Kinzer, Adam Kinnemund, J. N. Marshall, John M. Wolf, G. R. Kuhn, Ollie E. Chronister, George W. Hagarman, Edwin Heltzel, Kate F. Slagle, Maggie M. Thompson, Mary A. Sheely, C. A. Heagy, F. A. Melhorn, M. Sanders, Joseph A. R. McBride, John W. McCosh, Maggie Kuhns, A. L. Miller, Maggie R. Bailey, Cyrus G. Beales.

P. S.—Emilie Wright wishes her name withdrawn from these resolutions.—Please omit her name, and oblige

Your friend, C. GROUP, Sec'y.

—The proceedings of the Teachers' Institute were printed, on our first page, before the above fell under our notice.

THE AGE.—The attention of the reader is directed to the prospectus of the Daily and Weekly *Age*, published in another column of our paper. The *Age* is one of the most ably conducted Democratic papers in the country, and those of our friends who desire a city daily cannot do better than subscribe for it. Read the prospectus.

THE AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST, for December, has been received. This is a capital publication, each number containing an immense amount of fine engravings and reading matter of great interest to Farmers, Gardeners or Housekeepers. Published by Orange Judd & Co., New York, No 41 Park Row. Price per year only $1.50—Single numbers 15 cents. 4 copies per year $5.00; 10 for $12; 20 for $1.00 each.

SEGAR INSPECTOR.—J. C. Neely, Esq., of this place, has been appointed Segar Inspector for this county.

☞Our Agricultural column to-day is worth the price of a year's subscription.

☞Capt. Francis Gallagher, a well known citizen and politician of Baltimore, *died of consumption*, at the residence of J. B. O'Donnell, in that city, on Monday, in the 51st year of his age.

Married.

On the 11th inst., at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. W. R. H. Deatrich, Mr. ALTHEDORE BUSHMAN, of Cumberland township, to Miss LUCINDA S. M., daughter of Mr. Jacob Benner, of this place.

On the 13th inst., at the Globe Inn, in this place, by the same, Mr. CONRAD COLDSMITH to Miss A. D. HESS, both of Fayetteville, Franklin co.

On the 6th inst., at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. J. M. Titzel, Mr. JOSEPH E. LINN to Miss ANN ELIZA KRISE, both of Adams county.

On the 4th ult., by the Rev. A. G. Dehinger, Mr. EDWARD CLARK to Miss LYDIA McDONNEL, both of Adams county.

On the 8th of November, at the U. B. Parsonage, Littlestown, Pa., by Rev. H. A. Schlueter, Mr. SAMUEL RIDINGER, of Carroll county, Md., to Miss SALLIE KEEFAUVER, of the vicinity of Gettysburg.

On the 4th inst., at the same place, by the same, Mr. WILLIAM F. SILLEY to Miss LYDIA DIEHL, both of Littlestown.

On Dec. 6th, 1866, by the Rev. J. R. Warner, Mr. WILLAM A. McILHENNY, of Emmitsburg, Md., to Miss MARY J. GRAFT, of Hunterstown.

On the 20th ult., at the residence of Dr. W. H. Shoemaker, in Newville, by Rev. P. K. Shoemaker, Mr. DAVID MENZER of Cumberland county, to Miss MYNIE R. CHRONISTER, of Adams county.

On the 27th ult., at the same place, by the same, Mr. JOHN A. BEITRY, of Cumberland county, to Miss MARY AGNES CHRONISTER, of Adams county.

On the 3rd inst., by Rev. Dr. Haur, Mr. FRANCIS RICKRODE to Miss LOUISA BITTINGER, both of Oxford township.

On the 4th inst., by the same, Mr. CHARLES A. DIEHL to Miss SARAH A., daughter of Mr. Eli Slagle, all of New Oxford.

On the same day, by the same, Mr. ALFRED D. GROVE to Miss SUSAN A. MILLER, both of Abbottstown.

On the 4th inst., at St. John's Church, Westminster, Md., by Rev. Father Gloyd, Mr. P. HENRY IRWIN to Miss HELEN J. BOYLE, both of Westminster.

At Elias Church, Emmitsburg, Md., Dec. 11th, by Rev. J. A. Helffenstein, assisted by Rev. Prof. E. E. Higbee, Mr. ADAM B. WINGERD, of Franklin county, Pa., to Miss VIRGINIA C. MOTTER, of Emmitsburg.

On the 11th inst., at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. J. M. Titzel, Mr. JAMES W. TROXELL to Miss MARY E. ZACHARIAS, both of Frederick county, Md.

Died.

On Thursday last, in this place, Mrs. MARIA SCHRIVER, widow of Benjamin Scriver, Esq., aged 49 years.

On the 29th of November, in the vicinity of Arendtsville, Mrs. CATHARINE VANDYKE, aged 57 years.

On the 8th inst., in this place, EDWIN GEHR, son of Cornelius and Elizabeth Daugherty, aged 3 years 8 months and 17 days.

On Monday, Dec. 3rd, 1866, of inflammatory croup, ANNIE KURTZ SCHICK, daughter of J. Lawrence and Sarah Schick, of this place, aged 4 years 3 months and 13 days.

On the 7th inst., near this place, MARIA ANN, infant daughter of John H. and Julia H. Eckert, aged 2 months and 13 days.

At the Alms-house, on Monday last, GEORGE W. HARPER, a native of this county, aged 76 years.

(Communicated.)

MARCUS ALBA CARBAUGH was born February 15th, 1860, and departed this life December 12th, 1866, aged 6 years 9 months and 27 days.

Our Father, who, in tender love,
Hath taken from our care,
One whom our weak hearts loved too much,
Regard our tearful prayer—
This loss—such wondrous gain to him—
O, give us strength to bear.

☞Sentinel copy.

☞Mr. Schenck's bill to make Congress "a permanency" passed the House of Representatives on Monday, by a vote of one hundred and twenty-seven yeas to thirty nays. This iniquitous measure, if it becomes a law, will add millions to the national expenditures; but the Radicals don't care—they want power, and they are willing to buy it at any price, particularly as the people must "foot the bill."

☞The *World* says: "The heart sickens at the recital of what was said and done by the Representatives of the people within *forty-eight hours after they had* assembled at the National Capital. There was a time when respect was paid to the President of the United States by virtue of his office, no matter how unpopular he might be; but that day is passed. To-day he seems to be the most popular man who can say the hardest things of the Executive." All of which goes to prove that "grand moral ideas" have not elevated the standard of political excellence.

☞Wendell Phillips remarked a few months ago, that the Constitutional Amendment was hatched by Congress to carry the Republican party successfully over the fall elections. He also stated this Negro Amendment was not to bring in the South, but to keep out those States. In short Phillips, with his usual outspoken directness, showed that the whole scheme of the leaders was to retain power.

☞In Massachusetts, they whip women, but are shocked at the idea of the slightest indignity offered to the hide of a negro.

Latest Market Reports.

GETTYSBURG.

FLOUR,	12 50 @	13 00
RYE FLOUR,		9 00
WHITE WHEAT,	2 25 @	2 75
RED WHEAT,	2 10 @	2 25
CORN,	50 @	80
RYE,		60
OATS,		40
BUCKWHEAT,	55 @	60
HAY,	10 00 @	15 00
CLOVERSEED,	7 00 @	9 00
FLAXSEED,	2 00 @	2 25
PORK,	7 00 @	8 00

BALTIMORE.

FLOUR,	11 75 @	11 25
WHEAT,	2 35 @	3 00
RYE,	1 25 @	1 32
CORN,	80 @	1 05
OATS,	55 @	58
HOGS, ₱ hund.,	9 00 @	9 50
BEEF CATTLE, ₱ hund.,	8 00 @	9 00
HAY,	28 00 @	30 00
WHISKEY,	2 30 @	2 38

Special Notice Column.

It Will Surely Do It.

Immediate relief and consument cure for the ailments and diseases prescribed, is what the RELIEF guarantees to perform. Its motto is plain and systematic: It will surely cure! There is no other remedy, no other Liniment, no kind of Pain-killer, that will check pain so speedily and so satisfactorily as Radway's Ready Relief. It has been thoroughly tested in the workshop and in the field, in the counting room, and at the fireside, among civilians and soldiers, in the parlor and in the hospital, throughout all the varied climes of the earth, and one general verdict has come home: "The inherent Radway's Ready Relief is applied externally, or taken inwardly, according to directions, Pain, from whatever cause, ceases to exist!" Use no other kind for Sprains, or Burns, or Scalds, or Cuts, Cramps, Bruises, or Strains. It is excellent for Chilblains, Mosquito-Bites, also Stings of Poisonous Insects. It is unparalleled for Sunstrokes, Apoplexy, Rheumatism, Toothache, Ear Dolorameux, Inflammation of the Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, &c. Good for almost everything. No family should be without it. Follow directions, and a speedy cure will be effected.

Sold by Druggists. Price 50 cents per bottle.

Dec. 17, 1866. 2w

To owners of Horses and Cattle.

Tobias' Derby Condition Powders are warranted superior to any others, or no pay, for the cure of Distemper, Worms, Bots, Coughs, Hide-bound, Colds, &c., in Horses; and Colds, Coughs, Loss of Milk, Black Tongue, Horn Distemper, &c., in Cattle. These Powders were formerly put up by Simpson L. Tobias, son of Dr. Tobias, and, since his death, the demand has been so great for them, that Dr. Tobias has continued to manufacture them. They are perfectly safe as I innocent; no need of stopping the working of your animals. They increase the appetite, give a fine coat, cleanse the stomach and urinary organs; also increase the milk of cows. Try them, and you will never be without them. Hiram Woodruff, the celebrated trainer of trotting horses, has used them for years, and recommends them to his friends. Col. Philo. P. Bush, of the Jerome Race Course, Fordham, N. Y., would not use them until he was told of what they are composed, since which he is never without them. He has over 20 running horses in his charge, and for the last three years has used no other medicine for them. He has kindly permitted me to refer any one to him. Over 1,000 other references can be seen at the depot. Sold by Druggists and Saddlers. Price 25 *cents per box. Depot, 20 Cortlandt Street, New* York. [Nov. 19, 1866. 7w

Allcock's Porous Plasters.

LAME BACK.

New York, Nov. 22, 1859.

T. ALLCOCK & CO.—Gentlemen: I lately suffered severely from a weakness in my back. Having heard your plasters much recommended for cases of this kind, I procured one, and the result was all I could desire. A single plaster cured me in a week.

Yours respectfully,

J. G. BRIGGS,

Proprietor of the Brandreth House.

CURE OF CHICK IN THE BACK, AND LUMBAGO.

LYONS, N. Y., July 4, 1862.

MESSRS. ALLCOCK & CO.: Please send me a dollar's worth of your plasters. They have cured me of a crick in my back, which has troubled me for some time, and now my father is going to try them for difficulty about his heart.

L. H. SHERWOOD.

Dr. Green, No. 863 Broadway, New York, informs us he sold, on Monday, June 24, 1862, two plasters to a young woman suffering very severely from lumbago. On Thursday she called to get two more for a friend, and then stated how the two she had purchased on Monday had relieved her immediately after putting them on, and cured her in two days of a most distressing pain in her back and loins.

Sold by all Druggists. [Dec. 3. 1m

Ayer's Pills.

Are you sick, feeble and complaining? Are you out of order with your system deranged and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some bit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which produce disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and deranges its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering and derangement all. While in this condition, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again.—What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint is also true in many of the deep seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Cased by similar obstructions and derangements of the internal functions of the body, they are rapidly and in my of them surely cured by the same means. None who know the virtue of these Pills will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure, such as Headache, Foul stomach, Dysentery, Bilious complaints, Indigestion, Derangement of the Liver, Costiveness, Constipation, Heartburn, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Worms and suppression, when taken in large doses.

They are Sugar Coated, so that the most sensitive can take them easily, and they are surely the best purgative medicine yet discovered.

Prepared by J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., and sold by A. D. Buehler, Gettysburg.

Nov. 5, 1866. 2m

Invasion!

Do you wish to have your hair cauterized from the scalp? No. Then beware of the new brood of Vitriolic and Caustic Dyes got up by nostrum-mongers, who bear the same relationship to the responsible Chemist that

PIRATES AND PRIVATEERS

bear to honest merchantmen. Remember that the experience of years, and the very highest scientific endorsements, guarantee the superiority of

CHRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE

over every other in use. It is purely vegetable, infallible and instantaneous. Manufactured by J. CHRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold by Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers. [Dec. 3, '66. 1m

Deafness, Blindness and Catarrh.

Treated with the utmost success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No 919 PINE Street, Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the City and Country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charges made for examination.

Sept. 24, 1866. 1y

Dr. SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP.

This great medicine cured Dr. J. H. Shannon, the Proprietor, of Pulmonary Consumption, when it had assumed its most formidable aspect, and when speedy death appeared to be inevitable. It will strike prostration at the consumption, when he commenced the use of this simple but powerful remedy. He knew it was restored in a very short time, and no return of the disease has been apprehended, for all the symptoms quickly disappeared, and his present weight is more than two hundred pounds.

Since his recovery, he has devoted his attention exclusively to the cure of Consumption, and the diseases which are usually coupled with it, and the cures effected by his medicines have been very numerous and truly wonderful. Dr. SCHENCK makes professional visits to several of the larger cities weekly, where he has a large concourse of patients, and as many are unable to visit him on account of the expense, he has resolved to let them have his services free, but for a thorough examination, with the Pulmonic Syrup, his fee is three dollars.

Persons observe, when purchasing, that the two likenesses of the Doctor—one when in the last stage of Consumption, and the other as he now is, in perfect health—are on the Government stamp.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Price $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 the half dozen. Letters for advice should always be directed to Dr. SCHENCK'S Principal Office, No. 15 North 6th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

To Agents Wanted Across: Demas Barnes & Co., N. Y.; S. S. Hance, Baltimore, Md.; John D. Park, Cincinnati, Ohio; Walker & Taylor, Chicago, Ill.; Collins Bros., St. Louis, Mo. 1yd w. ea mo. 1 yr.

LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.
LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.
LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.

The Great French Remedy.

DR. JUAN DE LAMARRE'S
CELEBRATED SPECIFIC PILLS,
Prepared from a prescription of Dr. Juan Delamarre, Chief Physician of the Hospital
du Nord on Lariboisiere of Paris.

This invaluable medicine is no imposition, but is unfailing in the cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness. Every species of Sexual or Urinary Irritability, Involuntary Nightly Seminal Emissions from whatever cause produced or however severe, will be speedily relieved and the organs restored to healthy action.

Read the following opinions of eminent French physicians:

"We have used the Specific Pills prepared by Garanciere & Dupont, No. 21 Rue Lombard, from the prescription of Dr. Juan Delamarre, in our private practice with uniform success, and we believe there is no other medicine so well calculated to cure all persons suffering from Involuntary Seminal Losses or any other weakness of Sexual Organs, whether caused by s

Public Sale

OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On FRIDAY, the 28th day of December inst., the subscriber, intending to remove to Gettysburg, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, at Bream's Mill, on Marsh creek,

ONE HORSE, 1 Cow, 2 Heifers, 3 Chester Brood Sows, 1 extra Chester Boar, thirteen months old, 20 Shoats, 7 head of Sheep, 1 two-horse Wagon and Bed, nearly new, 1 Spring Wagon, for one or two horses, nearly new, 1 Falling-top Buggy, 1 first-rate Spread, Sleigh and Bells, new Running-part of a Sleigh, Buffalo Robe, 2 sets of Wagon Harness, as good as new, 2 sets of Buggy Harness, Collars and Bridles, 2 Fly-nets, Cutting Box, Corn Sheller, Platform Scales, Grind Stone, Cross-cut Saw, Breast Chains, Halters and Halter Chains, Crow-bar, a lot of Carpenter and Millwright Tools, such as Planes, Chisels, Augers, Hand Saws, a lot of Patent Mill Picks and Facing Hammers, and a lot of Bags, &c., with Household and Kitchen Furniture, such as Cooking Stove and Fixtures, Parlor Stove, Iron Kettle, Sink, Churn, Barrels, Meat Vessels, Sausage Cutter, and a great variety of other articles not herein mentioned.

☞ Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

WM. E. MYERS.

REUBEN GOLDEN, Auctioneer.
Dec. 17, 1866.

Inauguration

OF LOW PRICES.

J. L. SCHICK invites the attention of his friends and customers to his large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS

Comprised in part of

French Merinoes,
All Wool Poplins,
All Wool Delaines,
All Wool Plaids,
Plain Poplins,
Black and Fancy Silks,
Tamise Cloths,
Black and Colored Alpacas,
Black Cloths and Cassimeres,
Fancy Cassimeres,
Cassinets,
Jeans,
Flannels of all kinds,
Gloves and Stockings.

Also, a fine lot of Ladies' FURS AND SHAWLS, as well as an abundant variety of Notions, all of which will be sold cheap for the cash.

J. L. SCHICK.

Dec. 17, 1866.

Iron—Iron—Iron!

GETTYSBURG FORGE.

The subscribers respectfully inform the public that they have erected a Forge in connection with their Steam Mill, and are now manufacturing

FORGED AND HAMMERED IRON,

such as Plough, Horse-shoe and Bar Iron, and respectfully invite Blacksmiths and Dealers to give them a call, feeling satisfied that they will be able to please as to quality, finish and price.

BRINGMAN & WARREN

N. B.—The highest market price paid for wrought and scrap iron. B. & W.

Dec. 17, 1866.

Jury List—January Term.

GRAND JURY.

Gettysburg—Daniel J. Benner, (Foreman.)
Straban—Eli G. Hengy, Philip Donohue.
Mountpleasant—Francis M. Buddy, James C. Duttera.
Littlestown—Ephraim Myers.
Hamiltonban—Robt Watson, John Sanders.
Conowago—Emanuel Diller, George Kahn.
Mountjoy—John Rebert, Jesse D. Newman.
Berwick tp.—Joseph Kepner.
Latimore—John Coulson.
Franklin—Samuel Hart.
Huntington—William Less.
Germany—William Sterner.
Butler—William Crum, Phillip Weaver.
Oxford—Simon Single.
Freedom—John E. Plank.
Hamilton—Michael Bohn.
Cumberland—Francis Bream.
Tyrone—David Menis.

GENERAL JURY.

Franklin—James Micaley, John H. Rafensperger.
Freedom—Michael McFadden, Calvin P. Krise.
Huntington—David Day, Abraham Trostle.
Hamiltonban—Reuben Storn, Peter Shively.
Butler—Daniel Wagner, Daniel Marchi.
Menallen—Wm. B Miller, Amos Schlosser, Chrysostum Eppelman.
Germany—John Crumrine, Jacob King.
Straban—George Grass, John Bender, Geo. Ehrehart.
Union—George D. Basehoar, John Kindig.
Mountpleasant—Samuel A. Smith, James R. Gitt, Elias Mayer.
Reading—Sam'l Overholtzer, John Simpson.
Gettysburg—Wm. Guinn, John Rupp.
Berwick tp.—Henry Buttinger.
Cumberland—Christian Schriver, H. Paxton Bigham.
Mountjoy—John B. Spangler.
Oxford—Franklin Marshall, Samuel Neely.
Tyrone—Charles Yeatts.
Latimore—Michael Stambaugh.
Highland—John Dubs.

Dec. 17, 1866. tc

Election.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the First National Bank of Gettysburg, that an Election for seven Directors, to serve one year, will be held at the Banking House of said Bank, on TUESDAY, JANUARY 8th, 1867. GEO. ARNOLD,

Dec. 17, 1866. tc Cashier.

Election Notice.

GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK,
Dec. 13, 1866.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual Election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the Banking House on TUESDAY, the 8th day JANUARY, 1867, at 1 o'clock, P. M. T. D. CARSON, Cashier.

Dec. 17, 1866.

Established in 1847.

HENRY W. OVERMAN,
COMMISSION MERCHANT
AND
DEALER IN LEATHER,
No. 14 South Third Street, Philadelphia.

☞ Consignments solicited.

Dec. 10, 1866. 1y*

Notice.

THE Adams County Agricultural Society will meet at the Biddersville School House, on the first MONDAY in January, 1867, to elect officers for the ensuing year. Between the hours of 2 and 4. P. M. By order,

WM. B. WILSON. Sec'y.

Dec. 10, 1866. td

AGENTS WANTED.

$100 BARTLETT $250.00

SEWING MACHINES,

Fully Licensed. Exclusive territory given. Pay from $40 to $200 per month. For terms, Illustrated Circulars, &c., address, with stamp, either office.

PAGE BROTHERS, Gen'l Agents,
614 Chestnut St., Phila., Penn.
221 Second St., Toledo, O.

AGENTS WANTED.

Dec. 3, 1866. 3m

Shingles.

PRIME SHINGLES, the best in the market, for sale at JACOB SHEADS'S new Lumber Yard, on the Railroad, adjoining the Lime Kilns, Gettysburg.

Nov. 26, 1866. tf

Philip Redding,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, will be at his office, (at his residence) in Cumberland township, on Tuesday and Friday of each week, to give his attention to Justice's business. [Dec. 3, 1866. 4m

AN excellent assortment of Flannels, Muslins, Linens, Balmoral and Hoop Skirts, can be had at J. L. SCHICK'S.

LADIES wanting a good article of Perfumery, Fancy Soap, or Hair Brushes, can be supplied at J. L. SCHICK'S.

OVERCOATS—a large assortment of every style, size and price—just opened at PICKING'S.

GRAIN AND GROCERIES.—The highest market price paid for Grain and all kinds of Produce. Groceries, Fertilizers, &c., constantly on hand for sale at the Warehouse of Aug. 13, 1866. CULP & EARNSHAW.

Kissinger & Shireman,

NO. 8 WEST MARKET STREET,
YORK, PA.,

AGENTS AND DEALERS IN

PIANOS AND CABINET ORGANS,

MELODEONS,

AND ALL KINDS OF

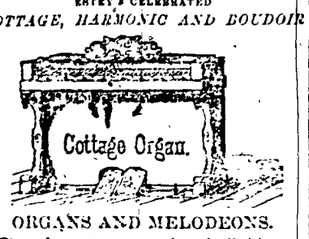
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

respectfully inform the public that they are prepared to furnish Pianos of the following manufacture or of any other make that may be preferred:

Albright, Reiker & Schmidt, Chickering & Son, Bradbury, Knabe & Son, Gale & Son,

ESTEY'S CELEBRATED

COTTAGE, HARMONIC AND BOUDOIR



ORGANS AND MELODEONS.

These Instruments stand unrivalled by any thing found in this Country or in Europe, as is admitted by all impartial judges. The most eminent Pipe Organ Builders and Performers, the last to discover excellence in reed Tone, pronounce them vastly superior to all others for exceedingly quick articulation and round Tone, the essential feature in instruments of this class. We invite the severe scrutiny and criticism of all.

PATENT VOX HUMANA TREMOLO.

This late and most wonderful invention (so acknowledged by all leading artists) will be found only in the Estey Instruments. In attempting to describe the effect of this stop, we are at loss for language. Its beauties cannot be written, but must be heard to be appreciated. By this stop an ordinary performer can produce an effect which requires a lifetime of practice for an artist upon a violin. It entirely changes the reed Tone, giving the sympathetic sweetness of the human voice, making it so melodious and pure that it never fails to enchant the listener.

THE HARMONIC ORGAN

for Churches, Public Halls and Parlors has a powerful sub-Bass with independent reeds, Harmonic attachment and Vox Humana Tremolo, and is believed to be the most powerful reed organ made, being nearly equal to a Pipe Organ of three times the cost.

All instruments warranted for five years.

☞ BRASS BANDS supplied with instruments and music at reasonable terms.

A liberal discount allowed for Churches and Sabbath Schools.

☞ Instructions given both in Vocal and Instrumental Music, at our rooms, and at pupils' homes, either to individuals or classes, on reasonable terms.

Dec. 17, 1866. tf

Great Reduction

IN PRICES OF

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, &c.,

AT J. C. ZOUCK & SON'S, NEW OXFORD, PA.

We have just returned from the city, where we bought a very large and well selected stock of all kinds of goods, suitable in our line, under

THE LATE DECLINE.

Our stock consists in part of FRENCH MERINOES, FRENCH COBOURGS, Delaines, Calicoes, Plaids, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins; a large assortment of Black, Brown and Plaid all wool Double SHAWLS, Balmoral Skirts, Hoop Skirts, Gloves, &c.

MEN'S WEAR, consisting in part of Broad and Beaver Cloths, Black and Fancy Cassimeres, Cassinets, Plain and Fancy Flannels, Under-shirts and Drawers, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS and CAPS, Driving and Buck-skin Gloves

A complete assortment of GROCERIES, at low rates.

HARDWARE, such as Tire Iron, Spring, Shear, Blister and Cast Steels, Horse Shoes, Horse-shoe Bar, Nail Rods, Hammered Iron, Nails, Spikes, Spangs and Forks, Door Locks, Pad Locks, Latches, Hinges and Screws, Paints, Oils Glass, Putty, &c.

CHINA AND QUEENSWARE, by the set.

Thankful for past patronage, we hope to merit the same in the future.

J. C. ZOUCK & SON.

New Oxford, Dec. 10, 1866. 3m

Register's Notices.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the Administration Accounts hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphan's Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on THURSDAY, the 27th day of DECEMBER, 1866, at 10 o'clock, A. M., viz:

345. The account of James L. Jones, administrator of the estate of Mathias Jones, dec'd.

346. The account of Robert G. Harper, Esq., testamentary trustee (under the will of William Bigham, deceased,) of Mrs. Phebe Ashbaugh.

347. The first account of Mary Master and Henry Master, administrators of the estate of Henry Master, late of Germany township, Adams county, deceased.

348. The first and final account of Wm. Ross White, guardian of Isaac M. Orndorff.

349. The first and final account of Daniel Trimmer, administrator of the estate of Catharine Heck, deceased.

SAMUEL LILLY, Register.

Register's Office, Gettysburg, Nov. 26, 1866. td

DOBBINS'

Electric Soap

SAVES TIME!
SAVES MONEY!
SAVES LABOR!
SAVES CLOTHES!
SAVES WOMEN!

AND ALL GROCERS SELL IT.

It is used by cutting into small shavings and dissolving in hot water, then soak the clothes five to ten minutes and a little hand rubbing will make them as clean as hours of hard machine rubbing would do, with ordinary soap, and the most delicate fabric receive no injury. We can refer to thousands of families who are using it, and who could not be persuaded to do without

DOBBINS'

ELECTRIC SOAP.

SOLD BY ALL LEADING GROCERS THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

Manufactured only by
DOBBINS & LOVE.
WHOLESALE OFFICE:
147 South Fifth Street, Philadelphia.

Nov. 12, 1866 9m

Notice.

HERBERT McGLAUGHLIN'S ESTATE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Herbert McGlaughlin, late of Hamiltonban township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement. JAMES H. MARSHALL,

Nov. 12, 1866. Administrator.

Notice.

JACOB SHELLAMAN'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Jacob Shellaman, late of Franklin township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Butler township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement. JONAS B. ORNER, Adm'r.

Nov. 5, 1866. 6t

Notice.

THE term of office of the undersigned being about to expire, he hereby gives notice to all persons interested that he will expect all fees for Guardian Appointments, Confirmation of Sales of Real Estate, Inquisitions, &c., to be paid by the January Term of Court, after which time they will be placed in the hands of a proper officer for collection.

JAMES J. FINK,

Nov. 26, 1866. 3t Clerk of Courts.

Valuation and Assessment for 1867.

IN pursuance of an Act of Assembly passed the 17th day of July, 1842, the following Statement is hereby published by the Commissioners of Adams county, which exhibits the amount, description and value of the Real Estate and Personal Property, Trades, Occupations and Professions, made taxable by the several Acts of Assembly of this Commonwealth:

Boroughs and Townships.	Real Estate, 5 mills, County.	Live Stock, 3 mills State and 5 mills County.	Money Matters, 3 mills State and 5 mills County.	Professions & Occupations, 5 mills County.	Licensed Houses & Occupations over $200, 1 per cent. State.	Salaries & Emoluments over $300, 2 per cent. State.	Stages & Hacks, 5 mills State and 5 mills County.	Carriages, 1 per cent. State, 5 mills County.	Watches, State Tax.	
Gettysburg,	231760	12925	17992	67460	1010	1500	540	1870	$36	00
Cumberland,	246070	47612	23225	9220	.....	.....	.....	4735	1	00
Germany,	127747	20807	16460	3455	.....	.....	.....	4513	.....	
Oxford,	153975	18852	69930	12155	.....	.....	.....	4923	27	00
Huntington,	202198	53932	16962	10475	.....	.....	.....	4149	4	00
Latimore,	146218	28127	20731	6080	.....	.....	.....	2224	3	00
Hamiltonban,	218233	22021	23082	13040	.....	.....	.....	2632	14	00
Straban,	269086	46472	80559	5535	.....	.....	.....	5824	5	00
Franklin,	252894	45770	33385	15270	.....	.....	.....	4483	2	00
Menallen,	190319	36490	14625	15425	.....	.....	.....	5030	8	00
Reading,	226016	27147	40813	6940	.....	.....	.....	3307	.....	
Hamilton,	202626	42471	25541	9705	.....	.....	.....	5256	.....	
Mountpleasant,	279468	47985	17629	9045	.....	.....	.....	5760	9	00
Union,	220510	31260	70558	3776	.....	.....	.....	2792	.....	
Tyrone,	154857	22955	2800	3600	.....	.....	.....	2132	.....	
Conowago,	197459	19913	25234	5105	.....	.....	.....	3600	6	00
Butler,	159068	29769	14443	7750	.....	.....	.....	4760	3	00
Mountjoy,	184290	29963	12958	3950	.....	.....	.....	2615	1	00
Freedom,	86849	18915	7419	2790	.....	.....	.....	1099	1	00
Liberty,	135655	20800	7700	4430	.....	.....	.....	1175	2	00
Berwick tp.,	90050	14550	9480	3650	.....	.....	.....	925	1	00
Berwick bor.,	46185	5600	10650	4275	.....	.....	.....	2080	5	00
Littlestown,	64445	6228	17915	6670	.....	.....	.....	3510	7	00
Highland,	85536	13558	15008	1625	.....	.....	.....	270	.....	
Total,	4174609	671498	559104	232236	1010	1500	540	7575	135	00

ABRAHAM KRISE,
SAMUEL WOLF,
NICHOLAS WIERMAN,
Commissioners.

Attest—J. M. WALTER, Clerk.
Dec. 17, 1866. 4t

FOUTZ'S

CELEBRATED

Horse and Cattle Powders.

This preparation, long and favorably known, will thoroughly reinvigorate broken down and low-spirited horses, by strengthening and cleansing the stomach and intestines

It is a sure preventive of all diseases incident to this animal, such as LUNG FEVER, GLANDERS, YELLOW WATER, HEAVES, COUGHS, DISTEMPER, FEVERS, FOUNDER, LOSS OF APPETITE AND VITAL ENERGY, &c. Its use improves the wind, increases the appetite, gives a smooth and glossy skin—and transforms the miserable skeleton into a fine-looking and spirited horse.

To keepers of Cows this preparation is invaluable. It increases the quantity and improves the quality of the milk. It has been proven by actual experiment to increase the quantity of milk and cream twenty per cent. and make the butter firm and sweet. In fattening cattle, it gives them an appetite, loosens their hide, and makes them thrive much faster.

In all diseases of Swine, such as Coughs, Ulcers in the Lungs, Liver, &c., this article acts as a specific. By putting from one-half a paper to a paper in a barrel of swill the above diseases will be eradicated or entirely prevented. If given in time, a certain preventive and cure for the Hog Cholera.

Price 25 Cents per Paper, or 5 Papers for $1.

PREPARED BY

S. A. FOUTZ & BRO.,

AT THEIR

WHOLESALE DRUG AND MEDICINE DEPOT,

No. 118 Franklin St., Baltimore, Md.

For Sale by Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the United States.

For sale by A. D. Buehler, Gettysburg; Laughlin & Bushfield, Wheeling, Va; C. C. Bender & Co., Pittsburg; Johnson, Holloway & Cowden, Philadelphia.

Dec. 17, 1866. 1y

1867. GET UP YOUR CLUBS! 1867.

"THE AGE."

A DEMOCRATIC MORNING JOURNAL!

GREAT IMPROVEMENTS AND GREAT INDUCEMENTS!

Union, Restoration and Constitutional Liberty!

THE DAILY AGE contains the latest news from all parts of the world, with editorial articles on Government, Politics, Trade, Finance and General Subjects. Local News, Market Reports, Stock Quotations, Religious Intelligence, Reports of Public Meetings, Theatrical Criticisms, Reviews of Literature, Prices Current, Literary Notices, Agricultural Information, Art, Music, etc., etc. Besides SPECIAL TELEGRAMS, it has all the dispatches of the ASSOCIATED PRESS from every part of the UNITED STATES, AND ALSO THE DISPATCHES RECEIVED BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE; and the news from all parts of Europe brought by the steamers, is instantly telegraphed from whatever point the steamers first touch.

THE WEEKLY AGE will be a complete compendium of the news of the week, and besides the leading editorials from the Daily, will contain a large amount of interesting matter, prepared expressly for the weekly issue. It will be in all respects A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY JOURNAL, particularly adapted to the Politician, the Farmer, the Merchant, the Mechanic, the Family Circle and the General Reader, having every characteristic of a live Newspaper. Each number will contain an intensely interesting serial, by one of the most popular and fascinating authors, and it is also the intention to publish, from week to week, in the course of the year, three or four of the best and latest novels.

TERMS.

ALWAYS IN ADVANCE.—THE DAILY—One copy, one year, $9 00; six months, $4 50; three months, $2 50; for any less period, at the rate of ONE DOLLAR per month. Postage, thirty cents per quarter, to be prepaid at the office of delivery.

THE WEEKLY.—One copy, one year, $2; five copies, one year, $9; ten copies, one year, $17 50; twenty copies, one year, $33. To clubs, where the papers are sent to one address, the following reductions will be made: Five copies, one year, $8 50; ten copies, one year, $16 50; twenty copies, one year, $30. A copy will be furnished gratis for each club of ten, or more, to one address, for one year. Postage, five cents per quarter, to be prepaid at the office of delivery.

The above terms will be rigidly adhered to. Specimen copies of the Daily and Weekly sent gratis, on application at this Office. Advertisements inserted at moderate rates.

Address WELSH & ROBB,
430 Chestnut Street,
Dec. 17, 1866. Philadelphia.

Pay Up!

THE undersigned having retired from business, he asks those indebted to make payment with as little delay as possible. Such as do not settle before the first of January next, will find their accounts in the hands of an officer for collection.

JOSEPH S. GILLESPIE.

Gettysburg, Nov. 26, 1866.

Notice.

JOHN CASSAT'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of John Cassat, late of Straban township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN F. FELTY, Adm'r.

Nov. 12, 1866. 6w

GO to DUPHORN & HOFFMAN'S, to buy your Dry Goods, Notions, Queensware, &c., on the northwest Corner of Diamond, Gettysburg, Pa.

PUBLIC SALE

OF REAL ESTATE.—On SATURDAY, the 22nd day of DECEMBER next, the subscriber, as Agent for the Heirs of Dr. Henry A. Lilly, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, the Real Estate of said decedent, viz:

A LOT OF GROUND, situate in McSherrystown, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lots of Jerome Heisler and David Martin, and fronting on the main street, having thereon erected a nearly new Two-story frame weatherboarded HOUSE, with a Back-building, Out-kitchen, and a Stable; also, a well of good water and a variety of choice Fruit on the lot. This is one of the most desirable residences in the town.

Also, TWO SMALL TRACTS, a quarter of a mile back of McSherrystown, on the road leading to O'Bold's mill, adjoining lands of William Menges, Jesse Waltman, and others. The two contain 6 Acres and 80 Perches, more or less, of first-rate land—under good fencing and in a high state of cultivation.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on the undersigned, residing in McSherrystown.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JAMES W. GUBERNATOR,
Nov. 26, 1866. Agent for the Heirs.

Public Sale

OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On TUESDAY, the 25th day of DECEMBER inst., in pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, the subscriber, Administrator of the estate of Jacob Shellaman, deceased, will offer at public sale, on the premises, the Real Estate of said decedent, consisting of

A LOT OF GROUND, in Arendtsville, Adams county, adjoining lots of George Lower, Albert Weaver and Catharine Stallsmith, containing about ONE-HALF ACRE, and having thereon a Two-story Frame Weatherboarded HOUSE, Frame Weatherboarded Shop, Wash House, Frame Barn, and a Hog Pen, with a never-failing well of water, and a variety of good fruit. This is a pleasant home, in a pleasant town, and should command the attention of all desiring to purchase.

Persons wishing to view the property, are requested to call on the widow, residing thereon.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JONAS B ORNER, Adm'r.

By the Court—ADAM W. MISTER, Clerk.

☞ At the same time and place, will be sold, by the widow of said Jacob Shellaman, deceased, a variety of Personal Property, among which are:

An excellent lot of Sadler Tools, new Harness and Gears, Collars, Bridles, Halters, &c.; Beds, Bed-steads and Bedding, Bureau, Tables, Chairs, Safe, Clock, Cooking and Ten-plate Stoves and Pipe, Carpeting, Iron Kettle, and other articles too numerous to mention. Attendance given and terms made known by

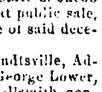
LYDIA SHELLAMAN.

Dec. 3, 1866. ts

Public Sale.

ON SATURDAY, THE 29TH OF DECEMBER INST., in pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, the subscriber, Administrator of the estate of John Cassatt, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, the Real Estate of said decedent, consisting of

A TRACT OF LAND, situate in Straban township, Adams county, one mile and a half east of Hunterstown, adjoining lands of Jacob Cassatt, John Shull, and others, containing FOUR ACRES, more or less, having thereon a Two-story LOG HOUSE, Frame Stable, a Young Orchard of choice Apples, Peaches, and Cherries, with an excellent spring of water.



Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

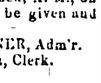
JOHN F. FELTY, Adm'r.

By the Court—JAMES J. FINK, Clerk.

Dec. 10, 1866. ts

Public Sale.

ON MONDAY, the 24th day of DECEMBER next, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale, one the premises, A TRACT OF LAND, situate in Franklin township, Adams county, within one mile of Arendtsville, adjoining lands of Henry Wildesin, Michael Schlosser, and others, containing 22 ACRES, more or less, having thereon erected a comfortable one and a half story LOG HOUSE, Cooper Shop, Log Barn, Carriage House, Spring House, Wood House, Hog Pen, &c.; there is a never-failing spring and a variety of choice fruit on the premises. About 4 acres are in Timber, and the cleared land has been well limed.



Also, a TRACT OF TIMBERLAND, adjoining the above, containing 17½ Acres, more or less, covered with choice chesnut, chesnut-oak, hickory, and other timber.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

GEORGE HOLLEBAUGH.

Dec. 3, 1866. ts

Assistant Assessors

FOR ADAMS COUNTY.—Assessor Cofroth has made the following Assessment Divisions for the county of Adams, and the following persons have been appointed Assistant Assessors:

Division No. 1.—Gettysburg borough, Cumberland, Straban, Mountjoy and Butler townships. J. C. NEELY, Assistant Assessor, P. O. Gettysburg, Pa.

Division No. 2.—Menallen, Franklin, Hamiltonban, Liberty, Highland and Freedom townships. CHARLES F. HINKLE, Assistant Assessor, P. O. Fairfield, Pa.

Division No. 4.—Huntington, Latimore, Tyrone, Hamilton and Reading townships. THOMAS G. NEELY, Assistant Assessor, P. O. York Sulphur Springs, Pa.

Division No. 5.—Germany, Union, Conowago, Oxford, Berwick and Mountpleasant townships, and Littlestown and Berwick boroughs. GEORGE STONESIFER, Assistant Assessor, P. O. Littlestown, Pa.

Nov. 26, 1866. 4t

GO to DUPHORN & HOFFMAN'S, to buy your Dry Goods, Notions, Queensware, &c., on the northwest Corner of Diamond, Gettysburg, Pa.

Valuable Properties for Sale.

JOHN C. ZOUCK, LAND AGENT,

NEW OXFORD, ADAMS COUNTY, PA.

Has for sale a number of desirable properties, to which he asks the attention of those wishing to purchase.

A LARGE FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP, with DWELLING, situated in a county seat, near Railroad and Depot. Good chance for doing all kinds of work. Also, several Town Lots will be sold with the above property if desired.

A FARM of 160 ACRES, in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, with good Stone House, good Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Wash House, Orchard, &c., near a turnpike and railroad.

FORTY ACRES, with good House, Barn, and other out-buildings, Orchard, &c., three-quarters of a mile from a railroad station. A good chance; terms easy.

173 ACRES OF LAND, on the road leading from Hanover to Littlestown. Good limestone farm; large Brick House, Bank Barn, and other out-buildings. The Littlestown Railroad runs through the rear part of the place. Price $85 per acre.

A FARM OF 300 ACRES, in Cumberland township, Adams county, three miles from Gettysburg, at which place is a railroad and good market. This farm can be divided into two farms, there being already two sets of improvements on the tract. The improvements are a good two-story Dwelling House, Barn, and other out-buildings, and a Tenant House with all improvements.

A FARM of 105 ACRES, on the Carlisle turnpike, under good cultivation, with a large Brick House, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Carriage House and other out-buildings, all new.

LARGE FLOUR MILL, with 15 Acres of Land. The mill has four pair of Burrs, and all machinery for doing merchant work. Best water power in the county.

A FARM of 175 ACRES, near the Hanover turnpike, on which is erected a good House, Barn, and all necessary out-buildings. The land is in a good state of cultivation. This property will be sold cheap.

A FARM of 195 ACRES, near Hunterstown, Adams county, on which is erected a good House, Barn and other out-buildings, and the land is in a fine state of cultivation. This farm will be sold cheap.

A FARM of 38 ACRES, 6 acres in wood, with one-and-a-half-story House, good Barn—land in good cultivation—3½ miles from New Oxford, and 1½ miles from Bonaughtown. Terms easy.

18 ACRES of WOODLAND, 3 miles from New Oxford.

A FARM of 200 ACRES, good land, with large Brick House, Barn, and 2 Tenant Houses—40 acres in wood—half a mile from the Conowago Chapel.

A FARM of 180 Acres—225 can be purchased—in Cumberland township, 2½ miles from Gettysburg, near Chambersburg pike; large weatherboarded House, Bank Barn, &c.; 40 acres in wood. The Farm has been recently limed.

A FARM of 120 ACRES, with good House and Barn; 12 acres in wood; one mile west of Bonaughtown.

A HOTEL in New Oxford, two-story, roomy and convenient for business. Good chance; terms easy.

Also, a number of good Houses and Lots for sale in New Oxford.

Persons who wish to buy Real Estate, as well as those who wish to sell, are requested to give the subscriber a call at his store in New Oxford.

Address,

JOHN C. ZOUCK, Land Agent,
New Oxford, Adams county, Pa.

July 9, 1866. 6m

A Small Property

AT PRIVATE SALE.—The undersigned offers at Private Sale, his valuable property, situate in Tyrone township, Adams county, on the road leading from Hunterstown to Petersburg, about 4 miles from the latter place, containing about 30 ACRES, more or less, improved with a good one and a half story LOG HOUSE, and a good Stable of large size, with a never-failing well of water at the door. There is a first-rate garden, and the land is all in a high state of cultivation. There are about 2 acres of Timber, and a sufficient quantity of Meadow land. There is a variety of fruit on the premises. The fences are in good order. The property is conveniently located to Markets, Schools, Churches, &c., and is one of the most desirable properties in the county.

Persons wishing to view the property will call on the undersigned, residing thereon.

GEORGE DAUGHERTY.

Oct. 29, 1866. tf

At the Old Business.

LEWIS KUMERANT has re-commenced the TAILORING business, in Chambersburg street, between Washington and West streets, Gettysburg, and asks a share of the custom of the public. His long experience in the business enables him to guarantee good fits and good work, whilst the latest fashions will be consulted in cutting whenever desired. No effort will be spared to render satisfaction, and he feels sure that all who patronize him will be satisfied. His prices for work are as low as they can possibly be to afford him an economical living, and no one could in reason ask them to be any less. He asks his old friends to give him a call, as well as the public generally.

Nov. 12, 1866.

Groceries, Notions, &c.

GEORGE H. SWOPE, having purchased the fine GROCERY ESTABLISHMENT of James A. Grimes, on York street, a few doors east of Wolf's Hotel, and having added largely to the already extensive assortment on hand, offers the public a variety of Goods in his line rarely, if ever before, kept here.

His SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, MOLASSES, SYRUPS, &c., can't be beat, in quality or price; whilst his assortment of NOTIONS embraces almost everything the public can possibly need. House-keepers and others should give him a call before buying elsewhere, as he is convinced that he has the best stock in town, and that no one can go away disappointed.

☞ The CABINET-MAKING business is continued, in all its branches, at the old stand, a few doors east of the Store. No efforts spared to please the public, as heretofore.

Gettysburg, Nov. 5, 1866. tf

Notice.

ANDREW LITTLE'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Andrew Little, late of Mountpleasant township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Germany tp, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

WILLIAM RIDER, Executor.

☞ For the sake of convenience, persons indebted or having claims are referred to the widow of the deceased, who will settle the same. [Nov. 19, 1866. 6t*

Notice.

JOSEPH FINK'S ESTATE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Joseph Fink, Esq., late of Germany township, Adams county, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, the first named residing in Mountjoy township, and the last named in the city of Baltimore, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

PIUS FINK,
JOSEPH FINK, Jr.,

Nov. 26, 1866. 6t* Administrators.

Notice.

JACOB BUSHEY, ESQ'R, ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Jacob Bushey, Esq., late of Gettysburg, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in same place, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

WILLIAM McCLEAN,

Nov. 12, 1866. 6t Administrator.

2,000 tons Hay

WANTED.—The Baxter Press Hay Company will pay the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE for HAY, delivered at their Hay Sheds, in Oxford, at P. Hann's Station, and in Gettysburg. JEREMIAH DIEHL,

Gettysburg, Oct. 22, 1866. 3m Agent.

The Old System

OF HIGH PRICES VETOED

BY MORRIS,

At his new cheap Clothing, Hat, Cap, Boot, Shoe and Variety Store, on Chambersburg street, next door to Buehler's Drug Store, Gettysburg, Pa.

The public will find at this Store, the largest and most fashionable assortment of Gentlemen's and Boy's wear, in Adams county.

OVER COATS.

Beaver Overcoats, Petersham Overcoats, Seal Skin Overcoats, Cloth Overcoats, Esquimaux Beaver, Overcoats, etc., etc.

DRESS AND BUSINESS COATS!

Black Cloth Dress and Sack Coats, Cassimere Sack and Frock Coats, Knit Woolen Union Coats and Jackets.

PANTS AND VESTS!

Black Cloth Pantaloons, Black Cassimere Pantaloons, Fancy Cassimere Pantaloons, Harris Cassimere Pantaloons, Black Cloth Vests, Silk Grenadine Vests, Plush and Satinet Vests, &c.

HATS AND CAPS.

Resorte Hats,	Silk Dress Hats,	Dexter Hats,
Driving Hats,	Clipper Hats,	French Hats,
Dasher Hats,	Broadway Hats,	Plush Hats,
Morton Hats,	Brighton Hats,	Minnie Hats,
Croquet Hats,	Bismark Hats,	Peto Hats,
Warwick Hats,	Metropol'n Hats,	U. S. A. Hats,
Dunkard Hats,	Cassimere Hats,	etc., etc.
Velvet Caps,	Cassimere Caps,	Fur Caps,
Cloth Caps,	McClellan Caps,	Navy Caps,
Scotch Caps,	Petersham Caps,	Boy's Caps,
Plush Cap,	Just THE THING Caps, etc., etc.	

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Men's Calf Skin Boots,
Men's Heavy Boots,
Boy's Jockey Boots,
Sporting Boots,
Men's Coarse Shoes,
Men's Calf Skin Shoes,
Boy's Fine Shoes,
U. S. Army Shoes,
Gentlemen's Slippers,
Gum Overshoes, etc., etc.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

White Linen Shirts, Cassimere Shirts, Linen and Paper Collars, Neck Ties and Butterflies, Handkerchiefs, Woolen and Cotton Stockings, Gloves, Buckskin Gauntlets and Gloves, Woolen Drawers and Undershirts, Scarfs and Comforts, Suspenders, Umbrellas, Canes,

Gettysburg Railroad.

CHANGE OF CONNECTIONS.—On and after Monday, November 20th, 1865, Passenger Trains will leave and arrive at Gettysburg, and make connections, as follows:

FIRST TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 7 45 A. M., with passengers for York, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and the North and West, arriving at Hanover Junction without change of cars, at 10.25 A. M., connecting with the Fast Line South on the Northern Central Railway, and arriving at Baltimore at 12.20 noon. Also connecting with Mail Train from Baltimore north, arriving in Harrisburg at 1.30 P. M. Arrive at Gettysburg 1.10 P. M., with passengers from Harrisburg, York, Baltimore and Washington.

SECOND TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 1.20, P. M., arriving at Hanover Junction at 3.15, and connecting with mail train South. Arrive at Baltimore at 5.30 P. M. Arrive at Gettysburg at 6.15 P. M., with passengers from Philadelphia, Harrisburg and the North and West, and also with passengers from Baltimore and Washington by the fast line north, which leaves Baltimore at 12.10 noon.

Passengers can leave Baltimore in the Mail Train at 9 A. M., and arrive in Gettysburg at 1.10 P. M. Or leave Baltimore in the fast line at 12.10 noon, and arrive in Gettysburg at 6.15 P. M. But one change of cars by the first train, either way, viz: at Hanover Junction. The fast line on the Northern Central will not stop at any local stations, except York, Hanover Junction and Parkton. Connections certain.

R. McCURDY, Pres't.

Nov. 27, 1865.

Benefit to Farmers!

MORO PHILLIPS' GENUINE IMPROVED SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME

For Sale at Manufacturer's Depots:

3 N. Front St., between Market & Arch, PHILADELPHIA.

14 Bowley's Wharf, and 25 South St., BALTIMORE, Md.

Congress having repealed the Internal Revenue Law taxing Fertilizers six per cent., I beg leave to inform the Farmers that from this day the same per centage will be taken off the retail price of MORO PHILLIPS' SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME, viz: $60 00, less 6 per cent., making the retail price now $56 40 per ton of 2,000 lbs., in Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Discount to Dealers.

MORO PHILLIPS, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

Aug. 13, 1866.

Great Excitement!

A MAJORITY of those who read Newspapers never give a hasty glance at a business advertisement, and if a

MAN

actually has the best, the prettiest and the cheapest goods in all creation, actually selling them at break-down prices—too few heed the fact for their own interest, therefore we have

FOUND

it best to simply invite every body to call and examine our stock and prices before buying one dollar's worth elsewhere, for I can and will make it to the interest of all those who are not

DEAD

to their true interest and who wish to save money, therefore to buy everything

IN

the line of good and cheap clothing at my store, where there has just been received a most magnificent assortment of Fall and Winter Goods, consisting of Overcoats, Dress Coats, Business Coats, Pants and Vests of all kinds, Overshirts and Undershirts, Stockings, Suspenders, Cravats and Notions, Clocks, Musical Instruments, and many other things in my line, all of which I am selling at very low prices. Call on F. B. PICKING, Baltimore street, near the public Square,

GETTYSBURG.

Oct. 29, 1865.

Pianos! Pianos!

PIANOS!—The undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he can furnish PIANOS of the following manufacturers, or those of other make, if desired, at the lowest possible prices:

CHICKERING & SONS.
DECKER BROS.
HAZLETON BROS.
HAINES BROS.
GEO. STECK.
A. H. GAHLE & CO.
STEINWAG & SONS.

☞Particular attention is given to the selection of Pianos; and when so selected, in addition to the manufacturers' guarantee, the Pianos *are guaranteed by me.*

MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS AND MELODIANS.

The recent improvements in these instruments are such as to fully warrant saying they are FAR SUPERIOR to any other make. One of the best evidences of their merit is, that their improvements are imitated by other makers. The new style, four stop organ, have a Sub-Bass and Octave Coupler, making it an instrument especially adapted to Church and Sabbath School purposes.

DESCRIPTIVE CIRCULARS

will be sent by mail to persons desiring them. Pianos tuned regularly. Pianos taken in exchange.

PETER BENTZ,
No. 30 East Market St., York, Pa.

June 12, 1865. ly

Cheap for Cash!

NEW STORE!

GROCERIES, LIQUORS, &C.

THE undersigned has returned to Gettysburg, and opened a new Store, on Baltimore street, next door to the Post Office, and nearly opposite the Court-House, where he offers for sale, CHEAP FOR CASH, a large and choice assortment of GROCERIES,—Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Molasses, Syrups, Salt, &c; with Fish, Bacon, Lard, and so on.

Also, LIQUORS—Wines, Brandies, Gins, Whiskies, Rum, and everything else in the line.

Also, any quantity of Notions, to suit any and everybody.

Recollect this is the place to buy CHEAP FOR CASH.

GEO. F. KALBFLEISCH.

April 23, 1866.

Blacksmithing.

THE undersigned would most respectfully inform the public that he continues the BLACKSMITHING BUSINESS, at his shop, lately Philip Dorsom's, adjoining Troxel's paint shop, in East Middle street, Gettysburg, where he will at all times be prepared to do Blacksmithing work to Carriages, Buggies, Wagons, &c. That he knows how to do all jobs of the kind will not be questioned by those who have a knowledge of his long experience at the business. Come on with your work, and you will be satisfied when you take it away—and for which he will receive Cash or Country Produce.

ADAM HOLTZWORTH

Mar. 20, 1866. tf

Everhart's

FRANKLIN HOUSE,
CORNER OF HOWARD & FRANKLIN STREETS,
BALTIMORE, MD.

This House is on a direct line between the Northern Central and Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Depots. It has been refitted and comfortably arranged for the convenience and the entertainment of guests.

Nov. 20, 1865. tf.

Cooking Stoves

OF every variety, including the "Noble Cook," "Royal Cook," "Waverly," "Ornamental," "Oriental," &c. Also, Tin-ware, Sheet-iron-ware, Hollow-ware, and every variety of Kitchen Furniture—including a variety of Lanterns. Also, a new and much improved Flour Sifter, for sale by

C. H. RUEHLER,
Corner of Carlisle and Railroad sts.
Feb. 19, 1866. Gettysburg, Pa.

A SUPERIOR quality of the best Louden Draft HAMES, with or without fastenings, for sale by D. McCREARY & SON.

BARGAINS—Picking has received his new Goods. Now is the time to secure bargains. Call and see them.

QUAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS, or Old Homestead Tonic, at Dr. R. HORNER'S Drug Store.

SWAN'S store is the place to get all kinds of Groceries CHEAP.

PHOTOGRAPHIC.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,
Manufacturers of Photographic materials,
Wholesale and Retail,
501 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

IN addition to our main business of PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS we are Headquarters for the following, viz:

STEREOSCOPES & STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS of American and Foreign Cities and Landscapes, Groups, Statuary, &c.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS OF THE WAR,

From negatives made in the various campaigns and forming a complete Photographic history of the great contest.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS ON GLASS,

Adapted for either the Magic Lantern or the Stereoscope. Our Catalogue will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.

We manufacture more largely than any other house, about 200 varieties from 50 cents to $50 each. Our ALBUMS have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others.

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS OF GENERALS, STATESMEN, ACTORS, ETC., ETC.

Our Catalogue embraces over FIVE THOUSAND different subjects, including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statues, &c. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp.

Photographers and others ordering goods C. O. D., will please remit 25 per cent of the amount with their order.

☞The prices and quality of our goods cannot fail to satisfy.

June 18, 1866. 1y

Wm. Blair & Son,

CARLISLE, PA.,

IMPORTERS OF

CHINA AND QUEENSWARE,

AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS.

P. S.—The largest variety of the very best CONFECTIONARY kept constantly on hand, and sold below Philadelphia Prices.

TALLOW CANDLES made for our own sales, and sold below regular market rates.

SALT at Philadelphia prices with freight added.

Nov. 10, 1866. 3t

A Lecture to Young Men.

JUST published, in a sealed envelope.—Price 6 cents. A Lecture on the nature, treatment and radical cure of Spermatorhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c. By Robert J. Culverwell, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves, from his own experience, that the awful consequences of Self Abuse may be effectually removed without Medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands. Sent under seal to any address, in a plain, sealed envelope, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. Also Dr. Culverwell's Marriage Guide, price 25 cents. Address

CHAS. S. C. KLINE & Co.,
127 Bowery, New York, P. O. box 4586.
April 23, 1866. 1y

Popular Science.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN TO BE GREATLY ENLARGED.

This widely circulated and Popular Journal of the Industrial Arts and Sciences enters its Twenty-second Year on the 1st of January next, and the Publishers propose to signalize the occasion by Enlarging it to the size of the most costly Scientific Journals of Great Britain, without, however increasing the subscription price.

It is almost superfluous to speak of the great value of this Popular and Useful Journal to all classes, and especially to Mechanics, Manufacturers, Inventors, Engineers, Chemists, Agriculturists, and all who love to read of the wondrous progress which now marks every department of Mechanical Engineering and the Industrial Arts and Sciences generally.

The Editorial department is very ably conducted, and many of the best Scientific writers in this country and Europe are contributors to its pages. Many of the articles have the charm of romance about them, and inspire the mind with noble ideas.

The Scientific American has the largest circulation of any similar journal in existence, but it ought to have a million of readers in this growing country.

The engravings of New Inventions, Tools Implements for the Farm, Workshop and Household are very numerous, and are splendidly executed by the best artists in the world. This feature of the paper is very striking, and has won the praise of the united press of this country and Europe.

Another feature peculiar to the Scientific American is the Official publication of every Patent granted by the Government Patent Office. Each number contains the weekly issue of Patent Claims, with copious notices of new inventions, together with Reviews of Foreign Inventions and Discoveries in every department of Science.

Whoever reads the Scientific American is instructed and entertained, without being bothered with hard words and dry details.

The American and European Patent Office, in connection with the Scientific American, forms an immense Museum of Mechanical Novelties, which furnish constant employment to a large corps of Scientific Examiners who prepare drawings and specifications for Patents.

This firm is no doubt the most extensive in the world.

Now is the time to send in subscriptions to the Scientific American, so as to begin with the new volume.

The numbers for a year make up a splendidly illustrated volume of 832 pages. Terms: $3 per annum; $1 50 for six months; $1 for four months; Clubs of ten and upward, $2,50 each; Canadian subscribers, $3 25 per annum, always in advance. Specimen numbers sent free; also, a pamphlet of advice to inventors. Address

MUNN & CO.,
No. 37 Park-Row, New York City.
Dec. 3, 1866.

NEW GOODS.

GEORGE ARNOLD has now got up his fall stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

mostly of his own manufacture, consisting of Coats, Pants, Vests, Shirts, Drawers, &c., &c.

—ALSO—

A large stock of CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES all of which will be sold cheap for cash. Call and see them.

Oct. 6, 1866.

Wanted.

A GOOD FARM.

ANY person having a good Farm for sale, and will take in part payment, one or more tracts of

FIRST-RATE WESTERN LAND,

well located, near Railroads, Schools, Churches, County Towns, &c., may find a purchaser by applying at this office.

June 18, 1866. tf

Brooms! Brooms!

THE undersigned continues to manufacture Brooms at his old stand in Carlisle street. He will have during the fall a full supply on hand, and will be able to furnish them WHOLESALE OR RETAIL. Brooms made to order or on the shares. Persons having Broom Corn would do well to give him a call.

S. R. TIPTON.

Gettysburg, Sept. 24, 1866. 3m

1866. At HORNER'S you can get Brushes, Combs, Soaps, Perfumery, Notions, &c., in great variety.

WE have just received a new assortment of Queensware, to which we invite the attention of buyers. A. SCOTT & SON.

Hardware & Groceries.

THE subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of HARDWARE & GROCERIES, which they are offering at their old stand in Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of

BUILDING MATERIALS,
CARPENTER'S TOOLS,
BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS,
COACH FINDINGS
SHOE FINDINGS,
CABINET MAKER'S TOOLS,
HOUSEKEEPER'S FIXTURES,
ALL KINDS OF IRON, &c.
GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,
OILS, PAINTS, &c., &c. There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above but what can be had at this Store.—Every class of Mechanics can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeepers can find every article in their line. Give us a call, as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any house out of the city.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, May 16, 1864.

New Bakery!

NEWPORT & ZIEGLER, Mechanical Bakers, South Washington street, half square from the Eagle Hotel, GETTYSBURG, Pa.—Constantly on hand, the best of BREAD, CRACKERS, CAKES, PRETZELS, &c. Persons wishing fresh Bread will be served every morning, by leaving their names and residences at the Bakery. Every effort made to please. Give us a call! [April 20, '63. tf

Lancaster Book Bindery.

GEORGE WIANT,

BOOK BINDER,

AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURER,
LANCASTER, PA.

Plain and Ornamental Binding, of every description, executed in the most substantial and approved styles.

REFERENCES.

E. W. Brown, Esq., Farmers Bank of Lancaster
W. L. Peiper, Esq., Lancaster County Bank
Samuel Shock, Esq., Columbia Bank.
Samuel Wagner, Esq., York Bank.
William Wagner, Esq., York County Bank.
T. D. Carson, Esq., Bank of Gettysburg.
Peter Martin, Esq., Prothy'y of Lancaster co., Pa
Geo. C. Hawthorn, Esq., Register " "
Geo. Whitson, Esq., Recorder " "

April 15, 1861

Sale Crying.

A. W. FLEMMING continues the business of SALE CRYING, and solicits the continued patronage of the public. It is his constant endeavor to give satisfaction. Charges moderate. Residence in Breckinridge street, Gettysburg.

P. S.—He is a licensed Auctioneer, under the Tax Law of the United States.

Nov. 24, 1862.

Noah Walker & Co.,

CLOTHIERS,

WASHINGTON BUILDING,
165 AND 167 BALTIMORE STREET,
BALTIMORE,

keep constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of all kinds of goods at moderate prices.

They supply orders for the finest to the lowest priced articles, either ready made or made to measure, to any part of the country.

They keep also an extensive stock of FURNISHING GOODS, embracing every article of Gentlemen's Under-wear. Also, MILITARY CLOTHS and every variety of Military Trimmings, as well as an assorted stock of READY MADE MILITARY GOODS.

Baltimore, Feb. 22, 1864.

New Warehouse.

100.000 BUSHELS OF GRAIN WANTED, at the new Grain and Produce House, in Carlisle street, adjoining Sheads & Buehler's establishment. The highest market price will always be paid in cash for

GRAIN, of all kinds,
FLOUR, SEEDS, &c.

Always on hand and for sale, at the smallest profits,

GUANOS,
SALT, FISH,
GROCERIES, &c.,
Wholesale and retail.

TRY US! We shall do our best to give satisfaction in all cases.

McCURDY & DIEHL.

Gettysburg, May 11, 1863. 1y

Carriages and Buggies.

TATE & CULP are now building a variety of COACH WORK of the latest and most approved styles; and constructed of the best material, to which they invite the attention of buyers. Having built our work with great care and of material selected with special reference to beauty of style and durability, we can confidently recommend the work as unsurpassed by any, either in or out of the cities.

All we ask is an inspection of our work to convince those in want of any kind of vehicle, that this is the place to buy them.

REPAIRING in every branch done at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Give us a call, at our Factory, near the corner of Washington and Chambersburg streets, Gettysburg.

P. J. TATE. WM. E. CULP.

Mar. 19, 1863.

Grocery & Liquor Store.

A FIRST-RATE ASSORTMENT of GROCERIES, cheap. FISH of different kinds, large lot of

POTOMAC HERRING,

at low price. The best and largest assortment of LIQUORS ever kept in this place. PURE WINE, BRANDY, RYE WHISKEY, &C., for medicinal and other purposes, in quantities large or small. Also—

MISHLER'S CELEBRATED HERB BITTERS.

WM. J. MARTIN,
Baltimore st., Gettysburg.

May 28, 1866.

Groceries! Groceries!

THE BEST IN TOWN!

COME AND SEE THEM!

STRICKHOUSER & WISOTZKEY have added a large and splendid stock of GROCERIES to their business, and invite the public to call and see for themselves. They offer the best of everything, at the lowest possible profits: COFFEES, SUGARS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, SALT, FISH, Spices, Teas, Cheese, Starch, Soaps, Candles, Blacking, Matches, Tubs, Buckets, Brooms, Bed Cords; with Confectionary, Oranges, Nuts, Tobaccos, Segars—and a variety entirely too large to be enumerated. "Come one, come all."

Gettysburg, June 18, 1866. tf

Fresh Confectionery

AND ICE CREAM SALOON.—The subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity that he has a Confectionery Establishment, one door east of the Eagle Hotel, on Chambersburg street, to which he would invite their attention.

Cakes, Candies, and every description of Confections, together with Nuts, Oranges, and all kinds of fruits, always on hand.

Parties, public and private, as well as families, will be furnished with all kinds of Cakes, Ice Cream, (in pyramidal form or otherwise,) and other refreshments at their houses, upon short notice.

Having spent a life-time at the business, he flatters himself that he understands it and that he is able to render entire satisfaction.

Call and see his Confectionery.

May 28, 1866. tf JOHN GRUEL.

Reduced Prices.

PIANOS, CABINET AND AMERICAN ORGANS. Superior toned Octave PIANOS from $350 upwards. ORGANS from $80 upwards. All instruments selected, recommended and sold by me, additionally guaranteed. Illustrated circulars sent by mail, when desired. P. BENTZ,

No. 30 East Market Street, York, Pa.

Mar. 12, 1866.

Groceries! Groceries!

THE BEST IN TOWN!

COME AND SEE THEM!

STRICKHOUSER & WISOTZKEY have added a large and splendid stock of GROCERIES to their business, and invite the public to call and see for themselves. They offer the best of everything, at the lowest possible profits: COFFEES, SUGARS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, SALT, FISH, Spices, Teas, Cheese, Starch, Soaps, Candles, Blacking, Matches, Tubs, Buckets, Brooms, Bed Cords; with Confectionary, Oranges, Nuts, Tobaccos, Segars—and a variety entirely too large to be enumerated. "Come one, come all."

Gettysburg, June 18, 1866. tf

The Far Famed

"UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER."—Besides the great saving of Labor, the saving in the wear and tear of clothing in a single year, more than amounts to the price of this Wringer. It is strange that any family should be willing to do without it. For sale at FAHNESTOCK BROS and at C. H. RUEHLER'S. [Feb. 19.

Flour! Feed! and Groceries!

AT THE CHEAP STORE ON THE HILL.

If you wish to buy any of the above articles cheaper and better than you can get them anywhere else, go to the Grocery Store of the undersigned on the Hill, in Baltimore street, where customers can always be accommodated, and where all are invited to call and see for themselves. The public will always find a full and choice assortment of

SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, TOBACCOS, CIGARS, SNUFFS, FISH, BACON, LARD, CHEESE, CRACKERS, BUTTER, EGGS, &c.

—ALSO—

GLASS-WARE, CROCKERY-WARE, NOTIONS, &C., COAL OIL LAMPS, FISH OIL, AND FLOUR AND FEED, ALWAYS ON HAND.

WANTED.—Flour, Corn, Oats, Butter, Eggs, Bacon, and Potatoes, for which the highest market price will be paid, either in trade or cash.

☞Being determined to conduct my business in a fair and honorable way, and to sell cheap, I invite all to give me a call.

HENRY OVERDEER.

April 9, 1866. tf

Cabinet Furniture.

THE subscribers hereby inform their customers and the public generally, that they have now on hand, and continue to manufacture to order,

CABINET FURNITURE,

which, for style and durability, finish and price, will compete with any in the county.—Our present stock consists of every variety of Furniture usually kept in a first class Furniture Ware Room. Fashionable, ornamental or plain Furniture manufactured in the most substantial manner, by most experienced workmen, and at the lowest cash prices.

UNDERTAKING.

Having a new Hearse, particular attention will be given to this branch of their business. They are prepared to make and furnish Coffins of any desired quality, and attend Funerals at the shortest notice—and on such terms as cannot fail to please all.

The subscribers return their thanks to the public for the liberal patronage extended to them in the past, and hope to merit and receive a continuance of public patronage.

Shop and Ware Room third building east of the Square. H. FETE & BRO.

Littlestown, April 16, 1866. tf

W. E. BIDDLE. H. S. BENNER.

100.000 Bushs. Grain Wanted.

NEW FIRM AT THE OLD WAREHOUSE.

WM. E. BIDDLE & CO. would inform the public that they have leased the Warehouse on the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, in Gettysburg, where they will carry on THE GRAIN AND PRODUCE BUSINESS, in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Flaxseed, Sumac, Hay and Straw, Dried Fruit, Nuts, Soap, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Potatoes, with everything else in the country produce line.

GROCERIES—On hand, for sale, Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Soda, Mustard, Starch, Brooms, Buckets, Blacking, Soaps, &c. Also COAL OIL, Fish Oil, Tar, &c. FISH of all kinds; Spikes and Nails; Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos.

They are always able to supply a first rate article of Flour, with the different kinds of Feed.

Also, Ground Plaster, with Guanos and other fertilizers. COAL, by the bushel, ton or car load.

They will run a LINE OF FREIGHT CARS from Gettysburg to Baltimore once every week. They are prepared to convey Freight either way, in any quantity, at REDUCED RATES. They will attend, if desired, to the making of purchases in the city, and delivering the goods promptly in Gettysburg. Their cars run to the Warehouse of Nathan Roop & Co., No. 128 North Howard st., near Franklin, Baltimore, where freight will be received at any time. They invite the attention of the public to their line, assuring them that they will spare no effort to accommodate all who may patronize them.

BIDDLE & BENNER.

April 16, 1866 tf

Lime & Coal.

GUINN & REILLY have erected two additional Lime Kilns, on the Railroad, and are therefore better prepared than ever to supply the best of LIME, in large or small quantities. Farmers and others can hereafter look for a more prompt filling of their orders, and are invited to extend and continue their favors to a firm which is making every effort to accommodate them in the best manner possible.

They will also continue to keep on hand, for sale, a good supply of the different kinds of COAL, which they will sell at small profits.

Coal and Lime delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.

May 14, 1866. tf

Carriage-making Business.

THE war being over, the undersigned have resumed the CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS, at their old stand, in East Middle street, GETTYSBURG, where they are again prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial, and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C., on hand, which they will dispose of at the lowest prices; and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.

☞REPAIRING done with dispatch, and at cheapest rates.

A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand for sale

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share in the future.

DANNER & ZIEGLER.

July 10, 1865. tf

Removal

OF BOTH OUR SHOPS TO CHAMBERSBURG STREET.

OPEN TO-DAY, MAY 17, 1866.

We take special pleasure in announcing to our friends and customers that we have this day opened our ICE CREAM SALOONS, at our new stand in Chambersburg street, nearly opposite the Lutheran Church. We have had the apartments fitted up in the best style.—Ladies and Gentlemen are invited to call.

We will also furnish Ice Cream in any quantity to public or private parties, at prices unprecedented. We will also have constantly on hand Fresh Cakes, which we will furnish to all parties and pic-nics at the shortest notice.

MEAD AND MINERAL WATER can always be had icy and cool and at all hours.

Having had a life-long experience in the manufacture of all the foregoing articles we ask the patronage of the public generally.

May 21, 1866. tf MINNICH & BRO.

Notice.

APPLICATION will be made at the next regular session of the Legislature of Pennsylvania for the Incorporation of a Savings' Institution, to be located in the Borough of Littlestown, Adams county, Penn'a., under the name and style of "THE LITTLESTOWN SAVINGS' INSTITUTION," the intention of which shall be to loan out money and receive deposits thereof, and do such things as are usually done by similar Institutions; the capital thereof not to exceed One Hundred Thousand Dollars, to be divided into shares of Fifty Dollars each.

July 3, 1866. 6m

Town Property

AT PRIVATE SALE.—Several HOUSES can be purchased at Private Sale by calling on FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

Dec. 15, 1866. tf

TRY Dr. R. HORNER'S Tonic and Alterative Powders, for HORSES and CATTLE, Prepared and sold only at his Drug Store.

January 25, 1864.

Excelsior Gallery.

NONE but GOOD Pictures allowed to go out—and at very LOW PRICES. Come one! Come all!

Gettysburg, Oct. 29, 1866.

For Sale.

THREE choice FARMS, as follows: 231, 131 and 124 acres each; all three near the Borough of Gettysburg; choice lands and good buildings. Terms accommodating.

GEORGE ARNOLD.

Gettysburg, Sept. 3, 1866. tf

MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS for sale at Horner's Drug and Variety Store.

A (Bitter) Acrostic.

RESPECTFULLY Dedicated to the Proprietor of the Great Zingari, by a late Dyspeptic.

Far away from the pyramids of Egypt he came,
Restoring the sick, and healing the lame;
A cure for the cholera, that dreadful disease;
Heaven sent him on earth the dyspeptic to ease.
There are those who were troubled with fever and chills,
Even they took but one bottle and were cured of their ills.
Resolved that in future, if ever they shake,
Such pleasant, nice Bitters—no other they take.
Get a bottle if feeling ill with nervous debility;
Rahter says it will cure; just try its ability.
Essence of life, then, to young and to old;
A certain preventive from coughs and colds.
Try it all, who are troubled with a weak appetite.
Zest is given by these Bitters, if only used right;
In scrofula, colic, or a bad diarrhœa,
None who've tried it of either have any more fear.
Great tidings is this, then, for rich and for poor;
A bottle can be had for a dollar (and more—
Rahter gives it to those unable to pay).
In no case of sickness will it turn them away.

F. RAHTER'S GREAT ZINGARI.

WHAT THE ZINGARI BITTERS HAVE DONE.—We publish the following for the benefit of the afflicted everywhere:

"I suffered for a long time of Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, and frequent attacks of Liver Complaint. Often the sufferings were so great that life was almost intolerable. I tried several eminent physicians, and most of the popular remedies recommended for such complaints, but found little relief until a few weeks ago I commenced the use of F. Rahter's Great Zingari Bitters, and am now perfectly cured."

HENRY HULL.

Harrisburg City, Pa., Sept. 8, 1865.

Personally appeared the above named Henry Hull, and made oath in due form that the facts are true as above stated.

A. C. SMITH, Notary Public.

☞For sale by G. F. Kalbfleisch and W. J. Martin, Gettysburg.

Nov. 12, 1866.

Removal!

THE GETTYSBURG SKYLIGHT GALLERY.

THE undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally that he has removed from his old rooms on West Middle street, to Baltimore street, and nearly opposite the store of Fahnestock Brothers. The room he now occupies has been recently fitted up expressly for his business. The location is an admirable one, enabling him to take pictures in all shades of weather, and with a correctness unequalled any where else.

LIFE-LIKE PHOTOGRAPHS, of every size and description, executed in the finest style. Particular attention given to the CARTE DE VISITE, and to copying AMBROTYPES and DAGUERREOTYPES of deceased friends. Also—

THE GETTYSBURG GEMS,

a new style of picture, which has become very popular with the public, not only for their beauty, but for cheapness and convenience.—SIXTEEN for ONE DOLLAR only. Also—THE PORCELAIN PICTURES, which for their beauty and durability are unsurpassed.

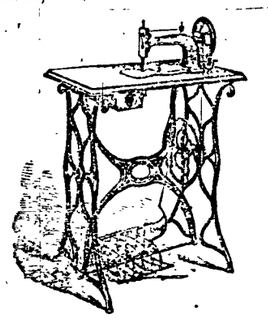
We are prepared to carry on the business in all its various branches, and having had considerable experience we run no risk in *GUARANTEEING PERFECT SATISFACTION.*

Our facilities for a full display of our skill are unequalled by any other Gallery in the County, and we would therefore invite every one to call at the

NEW GETTYSBURG SKYLIGHT GALLERY.

Call and examine our Specimens and judge for yourselves. LEVI MUMPER.

June 25, 1866.



Singer's Celebrated.

THE very best and latest improved machine in use, for sale at the CLOTHING STORE of JACOBS & BRO., in Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, where you can buy the best and cheapest Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, and every variety of goods in the line of

MEN AND BOYS WEAR.

You can have them cut out and made up in the very best style if you wish, at moderate prices, and without any risk whatever.

GEO. JACOBS & BRO.

August 20, 1866.

$1,500 Per Year! WE want Agents everywhere to sell our IMPROVED $20 Sewing Machines.—Three new kinds. Under and upper feed.—Sent on trial. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The ONLY machines sold in the United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder. All* other cheap machines are infringements, and the seller or user are *liable to arrest, fine and imprisonment.* Illustrated circulars sent *free.* Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, at Biddeford, Maine, or Chicago, Ill.

May 21, 1866. 1sly

Kerosene & Gas Stoves.

TEA AND COFFEE BOILERS, GLUE POTS, OIL CANS, &c., &c.

☞All the Cooking for a family may be done with Kerosene Oil, or Gas, with less trouble, and at less expense, than by any other fuel.

Each Article manufactured by this Company is guaranteed to perform all that is claimed for it.

☞Send for Circular.

Liberal Discount to the trade.

KEROSENE LAMP HEATER CO.,
206 *Pearl Street, N. Y.*

July 16, 1866. $19

Sale Crying!

AARON CHRONISTER, of Hampton, Adams county, will attend to the CRYING OF SALES in the most satisfactory manner, and on reasonable terms. He asks a share of public patronage, and is convinced that he will be able to please all who may employ him.

Hampton, Sept. 17, 1866. 2m*

Lawrence D. Dietz & Co.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FANCY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
HOSIERY and
VARIETIES,

No. 308 West Baltimore Street,
Between Howard & Liberty Streets,
May 7, 1866. Baltimore, Md.

Coal and Lumber,

OF every variety, at the Yard of

C. H. RUEHLER,
Feb. 19. Cor. Carlisle and Railroad sts.

New Lumber Yard.

THE undersigned has opened a LUMBER YARD, on the Railroad, near Guinn & Reilly's Lime Kilns, Gettysburg, and asks the public to give him a call. His assortment is one of the best ever offered here, and his prices afford only the smallest living profit. He has WHITE PINE PLANK, inch and half inch BOARDS, FLOORING, PALINGS, &c., &c., and is constantly adding to his stock. Come and examine for yourselves.

JACOB SHEADS.

Oct. 20, 1866. tf

Bark Wanted.

THE subscriber will pay FIVE DOLLARS per CORD for BLACK OAK BARK, delivered at his Tannery, in Gettysburg.

JOHN RUPP.

June 18, 1866.

U. S. BONDS.

THE First National Bank of Gettysburg will cash 5-20 and 10-40 U. S. Bonds; also 7-30 and Compound Interest Notes.

GEORGE ARNOLD, Cashier.

Oct. 6, 1866. tf

SUGAR CURED HAMS.—A fresh supply just received. A prime article and for sale cheap by STRICKHOUSER & WISOTZKY.

NEW FIRM,

AT THE OLD STAND.

[ESTABLISHED IN 1817.]

I have associated with me, in business, my son, JOHN F. McCREARY, under the firm and style of D. McCreary & Son, and I desire to say to my old friends and the public generally that since the war, the manufacture of Saddles, Harness, Collars, &c., has been revived at the old established and well known stand on Baltimore street, one square south of the Court House, Gettysburg, Pa.

Having had an experience of 40 years in this establishment, I feel assured, that, with renewed attention to business, we can still further merit and receive a full share of public patronage. DAVID McCREARY.

With increased facilities for conducting our business, we are better prepared than ever to satisfy the wants of all those who may need anything in our line. We especially call the attention of Farmers and others to the superior quality of our

Plain or Quilted Seat Horn Saddles,	Side Leathers,
Plain or Quilted Seat no Horn,	Names, all kinds, with or without fastenings
Plain or Quilted Seat Side Saddles,	Housings,
Plain or Fancy Saddle Cloths,	Scotch Collars (leather)
Wagon Saddles,	" " (tucking)
Riding Bridles, of all kinds, fair or black,	No Seam Collars,
rounded or flat,	Best Welt Harness Collars,
Martingals,	Patent Leather Collars,
Carriage Harness, all styles, silver or black mounted,	stitched or unstitched
Heavy Draft Harness,	Best Leather Wagon Whips, 4, 4½ and 5 feet long,
Blind Bridles,	Plaited Team Whips,
Girths,	Trotting Whips,
Crappers,	Ladies' Riding Twigs,
	Whip Lashes,
	Horse Blankets,
	&c., &c., &c.

In short, everything that pertains to a first class general horse furnishing establishment constantly on hand or made to order promptly, of the very best material, and by the most experienced workmen in the country, (two having worked in this establishment for the last thirty years.)

We are now manufacturing an excellent lot of Heavy Draft and Harness Collars for those who prefer our own to city made work.

Repairing of all kinds done at short notice and on reasonable terms.

All are cordially invited to call and examine for themselves, as our work cannot fail to recommend itself.

D. McCREARY & SON.

Feb. 5, 1866. tf

Adams County

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
INCORPORATED, MARCH 16, 1851.

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.
Vice President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, Andrew Heintzelman, Jacob King.

MANAGERS.—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, M. Eichelberger, S. R. Russell, E. G. Fahnestock, A. D. Buehler, R. G. McCreary, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; A. Heintzelman, Franklin; Wm. D. Hinds, New Oxford; Wm. B. Wilson, Bendersville; H. A. Picking, Straban township; John Wolford, Latimore township; John Picking, East Berlin; Abel T. Wright, Bendersville; Abdiel F. Gitt, New Oxford; Jas. H. Marshall, Hamiltonban township; John Cunningham, Freedom township; John Horner, Mountjoy township; Wm. Ross White, Liberty township.

☞This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 15 years, and in that period has made but *one* assessment, having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to $12,988—$3,769 of which have been paid during the last two years. Any person desiring an insurance can apply to any of the above named Managers for further information.

☞The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Oct. 16, 1865. tf

Gettysburg Foundry.

THE subscriber would inform his customers and others, that he is still manufacturing various kinds of Castings and Machines, made to order, on short notice, such as

THRESHERS AND POWERS,

(five different sizes of Powers,) Clover-seed Hullers and Cleaners, Corn Shellers and Separators, Cornfodder Cutters, Straw and Hay Cutters;

PLOUGHS,

such as Cast Ploughs, Barshear Ploughs, Side-hill and Corn Ploughs; the

WIRE-SPRING HORSE RAKE,

the latest improvement; also Metal Screws for Cider Presses,

IRON RAILING

for Cemeteries or Porches, with everything else in his line, all at low prices.

FOR SALE.—A light Two-horse Wagon, a One-horse Wagon, and a Spring Wagon, all new. DAVID STERNER.

April 30, 1866. tf

Great Attraction

AT BRINKERHOFF'S CHEAP CLOTHING AND FURNISHING STORE, at the North East Corner of the Diamond. The subscriber is constantly in receipt of fresh goods from the Eastern cities. His stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING

is one of the largest and most attractive, as well as the cheapest establishment of the kind in the country. You will there find COATS, PANTS AND VESTS, made up in the most fashionable styles, and of the best materials, of all sizes